THE NAPANEE EXPRESS

Vol. LXIII No 21—E J. POLLARD, Editor and Proprietor. $1.50 per year in advance

NAPANEE, ONTARIO, CANADA—TUESDAY, APRIL 22nd, 1924.

Historical Society

When You Try "SALADA" TEA, H478

you will realize the difference between "Salada" and "just tea."

DOXSEE & CO.

SPRING MILLINERY

The Hats we are displaying are more becoming, more practical, and more fascinating than ever. Prices the lowest to the highest priced models each is truly representative of the most authoritative modes for the coming season.

VEILING AND VEILS

In Navy, Grey, Brown, and Black, including the small beauty veil.

CORSETS A SPECIALTY

The Leading Millinery House

Good Clothes at Reasonable Prices are the kind we make and sell

Suits made to order from **$25 to $45**

Suits Ready-to-Wear from **$15 to $30**

Save by buying your Boys' Suits at our store. They are the kind that give long service.

W.W.ADAMS
Merchant Tailor
Newburgh, - Ont.

FOR SALE—Good set of right hand professional made Golf Clubs. Apply this Office.

FOR SALE—Six shoats also a quantity baled hay. J. ROBINSON.

HOTEL FOR SALE—Known as he Bay View Hotel, Bath. Apply to N. RIKLEY, owner, Bath.

FOUND—On Dundas street, a ring with a Masonic emblem on top. Owner may have same by calling at this office, proving property and paying for this notice.

FOR SALE—One of the most desirable properties in town, all modern conveniences and excellent location. Opposite Harvey Warner Park. Apply to C. W. BOWEN. 27-tf

ALWAYS a number of farms and houses in town for sale. Owners may also list property for sale at low terms. No sale, no charge. T. B. GERMAN, Barrister, Napanee, Ont. 6-tf

TO RENT—Comfortable home for two or three people. Modern conveniences, hardwood floors. Centrally located. $15.00 per month. Apply E. L. BEDORE, Thomas street, phone 339 W.

½ TON FORD TRUCK FOR SALE 1917, a sacrifice. Have you heard about the new Peerless Hand Milker. Ask your neighbor. Frost & Wood Machinery and Cockshutt Plows. Slated Roofing. Sold by SPENCER & SON. 34

FOR SALE—Brick dwelling in good repair, all modern conveniences, hardwood floors, large barn, central location. A very desirable property. Also BRICK DWELLING in Deseronto, cheap. See me for houses or farms. F. C. BOGART.

FOR SALE—8-roomed house, in good repair, electric lights, new furnace, 2 barns and nine acres of land, well and cistern, one acre berries. This property is ten minutes walk to post office, Napanee. Suitable for garden, poultry and bees. Pasture for two cows. Beautiful location. Possession any time; ideal property for anyone. See ARTHUR CLARK, or F. C. BOGART. 12

Brick

Special Prices to clear out the yard.

W. H. J. HAINES
TAMWORTH, - ONTARIO
24-tf

INSURANCE

For Fire Insurance try ALFRED McCUTCHEON, Roblin.

A number of companies to choose from.

Office: Residence, Roblin, Main Street. 27-tf

FOR SALE!

The Rennie Block Napanee

J.W. METZLER
19-tf

FOR SALE—One eighteen passenger bus on 1923 Ford chassis with electric starter in use only 6 months, in good running order, equipped with double shock absorbers front and rear, Alemite timer, tools, baggage carriers, 2 spare tires and rims, two dome lights inside of body for night driving, spring seats, large windows, which can be raised separately. Will sell to-gether or separately and will consider any reasonable offer. Apply R. S. WALKER, 189 Clergy St., Kingston, or phone 1382-J.

Assisting the Farmer

THE interests and requirements of agriculture are fully understood and well served by this bank. To encourage progressive enterprise in the farmer and to make his financing as easy as possible, practical assistance the form of loans is given, and complete banking facilities, specially adapted to farm business, are available at each one of our branches. Consult our local manager.

THE DOMINION BANK

NAPANEE BRANCH,

G. PATTON CARR, Manager.

Links in a Chain

AS every Link in a Chain is an indispensable part and contributes to the strength of the whole, so every branch and sub-branch of this Bank is a vital unit, closely united with all the other branches, and is a link in a strong chain which encircles the world and guards the financial safety of clients.

THE STANDARD BANK OF CANADA

Napanee Branch, R. R. White, Manager.
Branches also at Belleville, Brighton, Camden East, Deseronto, Newburgh, Picton, Trenton and Kingston.

RAIL PIERCES HEAD OF AUTO PASSENGER

GEORGE ALLAN, OF TORONTO, MEETS TRAGIC END NEAR PICKERING.

George Allan, aged 23 years, accountant at the Willys-Overland Works, who roomed at 152 Mavety street, Toronto, was killed almost instantly about eight o'clock Monday evening, a mile east of Pickering, when struck by a wooden fence rail, which pierced the wind shield of the motor car in which he was riding, and caught him directly on the face. Allan died while being taken from the car.

The motor car, containing eight persons, Mr. and Mrs. Wesley Augustus, of Whitby; Mr. and Mrs. Avery L. Brown, of Albany, N.Y.; two children; another lady and George Allan, was proceeding towards Toronto from Whitby, and when about one mile east of Pickering village, Avery L. Brown, who was driving the car, noticed another automobile approaching with glaring headlights. Brown swerved the car to one side and the auto struck the iron post guarding the embankment. The wooden rail mounting of the iron post smashed the wind shield and struck Mr. Allan, who was on the back seat of the automobile. The other members of the party all escaped uninjured. The driver blames the glare from the headlights of the other car for the accident. Mr. Brown being unable to see the guard rails at the side of the road. He says that the snow covered ground was also a factor in dazzling him.

The victim of the accident was a native of Napanee, where his relatives reside. His parents died some time ago. Mr. Allan had been visiting in Napanee over the week-end, and had intended to return to Toronto with the Brown's party. He had been rooming at the home of Mrs. McDougall, 152 Mavety street, for the past eight months.

CAMDEN EAST.

One of the best spring tonics and blood purifiers we know of is Burdock and Sarsaparilla with Potassium Iodide. Everyone needs just such a treatment after the winter. Sold in $1.00 bottles at WALLACE'S.

On Wednesday last fire broke out at the Sedgefield property in the [illegible] There has been plenty of maple syrup here for sale.

Several trucks have been going through this district getting milk for the condensary at Napanee.

Mr and Mrs. Perry Alcombrack and daughter, Laura, also Mr. Alcombrack, all of Napanee, Bethel Street East, spent Sunday last with Mr. Archie Alcombrack and family.

Mrs. Sherlock has returned to her home, after spending the winter with Mrs. R. W. Longmore and Miss Emma McNaughey.

Mr. and Mrs. James Henderson have moved to their daughter's to live.

The W. M. S. Easter meeting was held on Wednesday and Mrs. J. W. Wagar, of Enterprise, addressed the ladies on missionary work.

FOR SALE—The Baker house, Dundas street, all modern conveniences. Apply on premises. 21

FOR SALE—Motor Boat and boat house, both in first class condition. Apply SEYMOUR'S BOOT SHOP, John street, Napanee. 21-tf

SALE OF VALUABLE REAL ESTATE.

Under instructions from the Public Trustee, there will be sold by public auction, subject to a reserve bid, the following parcels of land in the Township of Richmond, on SATURDAY, MAY 3rd, 1924, at the hour of two o'clock p.m., at the office of Pennington, Warner & Grange, in the Town of Napanee. The lands are as follows:—

(1) The northwest quarter of lot number 6, in the 4th con., Township of Richmond, containing 50 acres more or less.

(2) Lot number 5, in the 4th con. of said Township of Richmond, excepting therefrom the north 150 acres and burial plot containing 58 acres more or less.

(3) The north 75 acres of lot number five in the 3rd concession of the said Township of Richmond, excepting 4 acres off the northeast corner thereof, conveyed by shipment G. D. Solmes to Nathaniel Solmes.

Conditions of sale will be made known at time of sale.

For further particulars apply to

HERRINGTON, WARNER & GRANGE,
Vendors' Solicitors.

Dated April 21st, 1924.

Muresco, the perfect wall finish all colors, DAVY & ALLISON.

WOMEN'S MISSIONARY SOCIETY

The Easter meeting of the Women's Missionary Society, of Selby Methodist Church, was held in the school room. Owing to illness in many homes, the attendance was below the average. The program for the day was in charge of Mrs. H. Windover. Following the reading of the Devotional Leaflet, the Psalm of Penitence," by Mrs. B. F. Denison, prayer was offered by Mrs. L. Price and Mrs. G. Jackson. Mrs. Melville Windover gave the last chapter of the Year's Study Book, presenting the lonely foreigner, his cares, worries and complex problems as a living trust to the Christian Church. Minutes of the last meeting were read and approved. Correspondence received during the month was also read. In response to an appeal from the Branch Executive for the support of the O.T.A., it was moved and seconded that the following resolution be sent by the society to the Governmen:

To the Hon. Howard Ferguson:

"The Women's Missionary Society of The Selby Methodist Church, numbering eighty members at their regular meeting having considered the O.T.A. and having noted its pre-eminent success so far as this section is concerned, and noticed its reports elsewhere throughout Ontario, it is our reasoned conviction that it would be in the best interest of the Province not to make any change in the O.T.A. at the present time, but rather exercise a stricter enforcement, and further that we would suggest not to hold a plebiscite until a Committee of the House shall have made careful inquiry into the working of the Act.

MRS. M. WINDOVER,
Cor. Secretary.

Mrs. J. Grange read a leaflet on the responsibility of the Auxiliary for nurturing the various departments of the work, especially the Bands and Circles. A season of prayer followed for the Mission cause at home and abroad, also for the Temperance Work and its forces. The thank offering was received by the Treasurer, Mrs. J. C. Hudgins, after which the meeting closed with prayer by the President, Mrs. Tate.

RESENTS LEGISLATION

Japan Does Not Like U. S. Exclusion Act

Newspapers Are Very Outspoken and Abuse the Senate — Masami Oishi Says Only One Nation to Fight—Churches Protest to Washington.

TOKIO, April 21. — Manuel Quezon, heading the Philippine mission, states he is thoroughly in sympathy with Japan regarding the American exclusion act, and condemns the action of the Senate as a gross mistake. The mission is being entertained ashore by the Japanese.

The press is more outspoken, and generally abuses the Senate. Masami Oishi, veteran politician, is widely quoted to the effect that "Japan must fight the issue with the sword of justice." He reminded the nation that Japan once faced 17 powers, fighting a treaty revision which the Japanese stand was boldly maintained "Japan has to deal with only one power," he declares.

The first violence is reported from Kobe, where a drunken laborer attacked the Peruvian consul, mistaking him for an American. The consul floored his attacker, taking a knife from him.

The Chamber of Commerce discussed the exclusion act, President Fujiyama stating that enforcement of the act would be outrageous, and the legislation would seriously affect the economic world.

The four major political parties of Japan held meetings and adopted resolutions of protest against the Japanese exclusion legislation passed by the United States Congress.

The Seyuhonto, supporting the Government, expressed the hope that the exclusion clause of the immigration Bill would not become a law, because the friendly Japanese-American relations would be seriously damaged as a result.

Resolutions of the Kakushin Club state that exclusion fosters racial hostility. They appeal to the American spirit of justice to prevent the exclusion measure becoming law.

The Kenseikai resolved that "immigration legislation is an open insult to Japan. The Kenseikai believes the people of the United States will suppress this dangerous legislation."

The Seiyukai, party's Opposition party, declares that Ambassador Hanihara was justified in his stand on exclusion, and that the Senate objection to his letter were unreasonable. The Seiyukai [illegible] to attach any importance to the clause named for the present immigration implications.

Representatives of fifteen Tokio newspapers met and agreed that a moderate and restrained attitude in the present situation was the wisest. Resolutions were adopted expressing sorrow that "Japanese-American friendship, which was the result of the great sacrifice and reverence and the bridge of sympathy which spanned the Pacific at the time of the earthquake, and all other happy memories of our relations, will be destroyed by the action of Congress."

Churches Protest to Washington.

WASHINGTON, April 21.—The Federal Council of Churches to-day asked the Senate and House to reconsider the Japanese exclusion section of the Immigration Bill, and to join with the Executive Department of the Government in solving the problem "in a more satisfactory way."

"To sum up their opinion," said a statement issued by the council, "the churches believe that Congress is meeting the situation in a wrong way, and that the same result may be obtained in a friendly way that will leave the self-respect of Japan or interfere with the friendship that has long existed between the two nations."

Boycott Placed on Goods.

TOKIO, April 21.—The Japan Printing Association, at a general meeting held here to-day, voted to place a boycott on all goods from the state of California.

MacDonald Speaks at York.

LONDON, April 21.—Premier MacDonald addressed a Labor meeting at York, Saturday, where he was the guest of the Lord Mayor of that city who is also a Labor man. He derided the idea that his Government had no power and he pointed to the Anglo-Russian conference and the Singapore decision as evidence to the contrary.

"Here is Europe's chance. Put it into operation all at once and all together. Then, when that is done, go on and finish the job and bring peace and security to the Continent." That is the Premier's own words on the attitude of the Government toward the experts' report on reparations.

In regard to the Dawes report particularly, the Government had the whole country behind it, he said.

Shoots Self in Cache.

MONTREAL, April 21.—After firing a testing shot at a nearby table, and then looking into the mirror to make certain of his aim, a man—who so far has not been identified and who appeared to be about 50 years of age—shot himself through the head while seated at a table in an uptown cafe here early Sunday morning. He was removed to the Montreal General Hospital, where he died without recovering consciousness.

A search of his pockets revealed a letter addressed to the Coroner, which stated that the writer was out of work, was without money or friends, and had decided to take his life. He requested that his body might go to a university where it could be of use to medical students.

Lady Cassels Dead.

LONDON, April 21.—The widow of Sir Walter Cassels, of Ottawa, and daughter of the late Robert Hamilton, of Quebec, died here Friday.

Dr. Ralph Aylesworth

Eye Specialist

Will be in Napanee EACH SATURDAY, At F. W. Smith & Bro's. Store

Make your appointments early.

COAL!

We have on hand at reduced prices a supply of fresh mined Anthracite Coal.

Chas. Stevens Co., Limited
19-tf

Notice to Owners and Operators of Commercial Motor Vehicles in the County of Lennox and Addington.

Notice is hereby given to all owners and operators of Commercial Motor Vehicles, that under section 32 of the Highway Traffic Act, the loads of such vehicles during March and April are regulated. After this notice any person found contravening this section will be dealt with as the law prescribes, unless the owner or operator of such vehicle has a permit as required by section 31 of the same Act.

F. W. BARRETT,
High County Constable.

H. J. GLEESON, M.B.
University of Toronto.

Office of late Dr. Grant, corner of East and Bridge streets.

Office hours 1.30 to 5 p.m., 7 to 9 p.m. Phone 123.

NAPANEE BOWLING CLUB

The annual meeting of the Napanee Bowling Club was held at the Club House on Friday evening last, with a good attendance of members.

The following officers were elected for 1924:

Hon. President—P. Gleeson.
President—W. A. Steacy.
Vice President—W. P. Deroche.
2nd Vice President—W. G. Cowle.
Secretary—R. C. Root.
Treasurer—W. G. Wiggins.
Management Committee—C. I. Maybee, Frank Bell, H. Lapum.
Green's Committee—J. H. Madden, Wellington Loyst.
Membership Committee — W. C. Smith, W. J. Doller, R. C. Root, H. Lapum, E. J. Pollard.

The Membership Committee will be pleased to receive the names of any new members who wish to join the Club.

The Green is in excellent condition and will be opened for play as soon as possible, or not later than May 24th.

YARKER.

The social evening given by the Ladies' Aid in Epworth Hall, was well attended. The Aid kindly remembered Mrs. Davey on her leaving Yarker, in token of her interest and work done as a member of the Aid.

Mr. Walker Loucks put on degree work for Enterprise Lodge on Tuesday night.

Archie Simmons was cranking his car, when it kicked back, breaking his arm.

The boys have started baseball practice.

A number of our young men are leaving for Rochester, N.Y.

George Kerrehan left for Niagara Falls, securing a job there.

Stewart Vanvolkenberg and wife have gone to Watertown, N. Y.

Mrs. S. Winter is home from Toronto, where she has been for a three weeks' visit with her daughter.

The piano, bought for general use, has arrived and been placed in Epworth Hall.

James Gordon and wife, Percy Thornton and wife motored from Toronto to spend Easter with friends in Yarker.

Mr. Hyland and family motored from Weston to Yarker and spent Easter with friends.

Yarker cheese factory has opened for the season.

Rev. Iner Wickware took over the services on Yarker circuit on Easter Sunday.

Work has been resumed on the Yarker-Deseronto road, which will improve its appearance.

Richardson's ice cream parlor is open again for the summer trade.

Blaud's Improved Iron Pills, 2 oz. box for 25c. Splendid for the blood and nerves. For sale at WALLACE'S.

On Friday afternoon fire was discovered in the T. F. Harrison Co.'s store in Kingston. Before the fire was quenched the large stock of furniture and house furnishings was largely destroyed. The loss will be about $100,000.

S. S. No. 6, RICHMOND.

Names in order of merit.

SR. IV.—Mabel Jackson, E. Hudgins, Claude Winter.

JR. III.—Mabel Kinnear, Velda Henderson, Joe Dudgeon, Vera Dudgeon, Arnold Haines.

SR. II.—Mary Kinnear, Audrey Dudgeon, Harland Jackson, Carman Hudgins.

SR. I.—Douglas Marlin.

Primer—Gertrude Kinnear.

M. DEAN, Teacher.

ONE LIE NAILED.

Despite an enormous increase in the sale of liquor in the two wet Provinces—British Columbia and Quebec—the consumption of spirits in Canada has dropped, since 1913, from an average of 9 pints for every man, woman and child in the country, to only 3 pints. The fermented drink statistics have fallen almost as much. These figures are taken from "The Dominion Bureau of Statistics."

And yet irresponsible or ill-informed people go about declaring—"We drink as much as we ever did."

The demand for delicious Laura Secord Candy grows week by week. The many imitations on the market of this delicious confection serve but to stimulate the desire for this justly famous candy. A fresh shipment arrives each week at WALLACE'S, 60c. the pound.

STREET PAVING

A meeting was called by the Town Council in the Council Chamber on Tuesday evening, of the property owners on John street, to discuss a proposition to pave the street. Messrs. Davis and Driscoll, of the Standard Paving Co., were present and prepared to furnish figures respecting cost of paving the street. Mayor MacGregor opened the meeting, thanking the property owners for their attendance and requesting all present to freely express their opinions regarding the pavement. Reeve Graham presented the estimates prepared by the Standard Paving Co., and for which they are prepared to build the pavement.

Total cost—Pavement $23,-667.20; curb and gutters $4,-758.60; headers $120.00; storm sewers, catch basins, etc. $3,-899.60. Cost to each 66 foot lot, $32.00 per year for 20 years.

A number of the property owners addressed the meeting.

On each property owner being asked whether they were for or against the building of a pavement, those present were about even for and against.

The property owners on Centre street met on Wednesday evening when the same scheme was laid before them. While some of the owners are decidedly in favor of a pavement, the majority are probably against the work being done at the present time.

Don't ruin your floors with cheap floor wax. The standard by which all are judged is Johnson's. Agents, WALLACE'S DRUG STORE.

ADOLPHUSTOWN MINUTES

Council Chamber,
April 12th, 1924.

Council met this day for passing of necessary motions and By-laws in regard to Government aid to Township roads.

Members all present except Mr. Robertson, and the Reeve in the chair.

Minutes of last meeting were read, adopted and signed by the Reeve.

Moved by G. Chalmers, seconded by J. J. Garvin, that the Reeve and Clerk be authorized to sign and submit to the Minister of Public Works and Highways of the Province of Ontario, the petition of the Corporation of the Township of Adolphustown showing that during the period of June 1st, 1923 to April 1st, 1924 the sum of $997.22 and no more was expended upon the Township roads—the sum of $997.22 and requesting the statutory grant on that amount as provided by the Highway Improvement Act, and amendments thereto. Carried.

Moved by S. Mack, seconded by G. Chalmers, that the Council adjourn till call of Reeve. Carried.

A. C. DAVIS,
Township Clerk.

Blackleg in cattle can be prevented! Once the disease sets in, it is absolutely incurable. The thing to do is to vaccinate your herd before any symptoms appear. Instist on Parke Davis & Co. fresh vaccine in sealed tubes of ten pellets, $1.00 tube at WALLACE'S.

WESTPLAIN.

The weather seems much like spring, as the robins are very plentiful.

The roads are in good shape at the time of writing.

A number from here attended the dance at Mr. Robert Cook's and report a good time.

Miss Jennie Denison took tea at the home of Miss Bessie Denison on Thursday last.

Miss Fern Dafoe and Mrs. Frank Davis visited at Mr. Ben Young's one Friday last.

Miss Edna Wells, of Marlbank, made a flying trip through here on Saturday last.

Miss Annie Young spent a few days at Mr. Leighton Davis'.

Mr. Carman Bradshaw and Mr. George Bradshaw spent a few days recently with their mother, Mrs. George Bradshaw.

Mr. and Mrs. Walter Dafoe spent Sunday last with Mr. Wm. Dafoe.

Mr. and Mrs. Robert Pringle and family spent Sunday last with with Mr. Leighton Davis.

Mr. and Mrs. H. Young spent Sunday last at Mr. Jeff Davis'.

Mrs. Lyle and son was a recent visitor at Mr. Leighton Davis'.

Muresco!

The best wall finish on the market to-day. May be used successfully over wall paper. A complete line of colors to choose from. WILSON'S HARDWARE.

APRIL 1924	Our Weekly Calendar	Moon Phases Last Quarter April 25th
22 Tue.	Time seems to be going faster than ever before. No wonder! everyone wants it and now with cars, and airplanes chasing it, I'm afraid they'll soon run it down and time will be no more.	
23 Wed.		
24 Thur.	Showers of rain bring golden grain, April rains, farmer's gains.	
25 Fri.	"Why will girls parade around half dressed, like circus riders. Why?" he shouted.	
26 Sat.	"I suppose they have found out why the circus was so alluring," she murmured.	
27 Sun.	The Lord knoweth the thoughts of man and they are vanity.	
28 Mon.	The lilac quickly robes in green And soon displays her flowers; A fitting head-dress for a Queen, With perfume for her bowers.	

Makes Permanently Bright, Beautiful Walls

Two of the most exclusive Canadian Hotels placed an order recently with Lowe Brothers for 5,000 gallons of Mellotone Flat Wall Paint. The luxurious appointments of these large hotels, as is well known, is of paramount importance—but it was not alone for its beauty, but as well for its economical features that Mellotone was chosen.

Mellotone is popular in the most humble homes as well as the palatial hotels, clubs, apartment houses and public buildings. And all use it for the same artistic and Economical considerations.

Lowe Brothers Mellotone

Mellotone's refinement of color, its ease of application and the fact that it can be washed with soap and water all tend to add to its popularity as the most appropriate, sanitary and economical Flat Wall Paint sold.

Sold exclusively by:

BOYLE & SON,

J. M. WALKER. GEORGE RILEY.

The Best Service

A store can give its customers is to provide the best possible **VALUES** for the prices asked.

We seek to do this, and advertising at times, it is our purpose to make you feel you can absolutely depend upon the **QUALITY** of your purchases here.

OUR STOCK OF CLOTHING AND FURNISHINGS MERIT YOUR CAREFUL CONSIDERATION.

THE GRAHAM CO'Y.,
Napanee Ont.

J. B. WILLOUGHBY, M.D., C.M.
Corner Dundas and Robinson Streets.
Office Hours :—2 p.m. to 5 p.m., 7 p.m. to 8 p.m.
'Phone 307. 32-1y

Dr. S. R. McCreary, B.Sc.
Physician and Surgeon.
X-Rays a Specialty
170A Front St., Belleville
Opposite City Hall
Phone 1200

ROYAL HOTEL BARBER SHOP
HARRY SCOTT, Proprietor.
Everything Neat and Sanitary
Best of Service Guaranteed.
GIVE US A TRIAL

H. W. SMITH
Graduate of Ontario Veterinary College. B. V. Sc., of Toronto University.
OFFICE—Centre Street. PHONE 61

R. A. LEONARD, M.D., C.P.S.
Physician Surgeon, Etc.
Late House Surgeon of the Kingston General Hospital
Office—North side of Dundas St., between West and Robert Sts., Napanee.

T. M. GALBRAITH
B.A., M.D., C.M.
Cor. Dundas and West Streets
Specialty—Diseases of Children.
Office hours—Until 9 a.m. 1 p.m. till 3 p.m. 7 till 9 p.m.
Telephone—279.

THE GLADIOLUS AND HOW TO GROW IT SUCCESSFULLY

ISSUED BY THE ONTARIO HORTICULTURAL ASSOCIATION.

SOIL—The Gladiolus is not exacting in its demand upon the soil; a light, rich, sandy soil is usually considered most suitable. The best fertilizer is well decayed stable manure, applied in the fall and well mixed with the soil, and supplemented with bone meal or acid phosphate. A dressing of wood ashes can be used to advantage.

PLANTING—Gladiolus corms or bulbs should be planted about 4 inches deep, depending on the soil. Deep planting helps to support the stem. They may be planted in straight rows, and if exhibition flowers are wanted, six or more inches apart; but good flowers will be produced if they are planted closer. They do not do well if planted in shade of trees or buildings.

TIME FOR PLANTING—Gladioli may be planted any time after the ground is sufficiently warm and dry. From May 15 to 30 is the usual time, but planting may be continued until the 10th or 15th of June. By planting at intervals of a week or more, the flowering season will be prolonged, but this is also accomplished by planting a range of varieties of different maturities.

Flower spikes that are produced last of August or first of September are often much finer than those blooming earlier in August, when the weather is hotter.

Planted in May, they take about twenty-five to ninety days to bloom, some varieties being much earlier than others.

To produce fine flowers, effort should be made to maintain a steady growth, and in order to effect this, they must not be allowed to suffer from lack of moisture. No matter how good the corm is, or how fine the variety, they will not give good results, if stunted by dry weather. Some of the very finest varieties do not show to advantage in very hot weather, and will be scarcely recognized. The size of the corm is no indication of its value; some fine varieties have a small corm, and many poor varieties have a large corm.

CUTTING THE FLOWERS—Cut the spike when the first flowers open, and place in water without crowding. The end of the stem should be shortened, withered flowers removed, and water renewed daily. By doing this, all the flowers will open in succession and the spike will last a week or more. Sufficient foliage should be left on the plant to keep it in growing condition.

HARVESTING—Dig the corms before the ground freezes. Cut off the stalk close to the corm, cure for a few days in the sun and in and store in a cool cellar in shallow trays or open paper bags and the cormels can be removed at a convenient time during the winter.

The Gladiolus is a fine cut flower for table decorations, and there is for this purpose nothing to surpass it in its season.

GET IT AT
WALLACE'S

Listen!
A number of second-hand coal or wood ranges, in good condition, now on hand. WILSON'S HARDWARE.

Hard and soft cut wood for sale. 'Phone 53.
ROBT. LIGHT. 44tf

ON PARLIAMENT HILL

The outstanding event in Parliament during the past week was, of course, the presentation of the Budget. It was this year a Budget that was more canvassed in advance and more eagerly awaited than any since those of prewar days.

The stage was set for Honourable James Robb, acting Minister of Finance, with unusual regard for political dramatics. The miller from Valleyfield, whose real portfolio until recently was that of Trade and Commerce, was deputizing for the first time for that grand old man of Liberalism, Right Honourable W. S. Fielding. The galleries of parliament were filled with the semi-official lobbyists of scores of manufacturing interests, very much concerned as to the outcome; the country at large was in a state of disquiet sensible that something was to happen, but confused by inspired propaganda to the effect that there would be tariff changes of a dangerous character; while on the other hand had been the prophesy made at Windsor, two weeks ago, by the Conservative Leader, that the Liberals would not dare to tinker with the fiscal scheme of Canada. All these factors contributed to a stage-setting unique in recent years, the effect of which could not have been lost upon an experienced Minister of Finance, let alone one who was presenting his very first Budget.

MR. ROBB'S WELL-TOLD STORY

Mr. Robb acquitted himself splendidly. To the extreme satisfaction of the Press Gallery he overcame the handicap of a poor speaking voice and for forty minutes read from his manuscript in tones that carried to every corner of the chamber. Rapidly and logically he built up his clear, concise statement—a reduction, since last year, in Canada's net debt of $30,000,000; a proposed reduction in taxation during the ensuing year of $24,000,000; general reduction of the sales tax from six to five per cent.; a fifty per cent. reduction of the sales tax on boots, shoes, rubber footwear, biscuits, canned vegetables, and canned fruits; complete removal of the sales tax on mining, farming and lumbering machinery, binder twine, milk foods, provisions and breadstuffs; the lowering of the customs tariff, both preferential and general, and by "cuts" ranging from thirty to fifty per cent. on agricultural and dairying implements and on mining and lumbering machinery; and the placing of fertilizing on the free list.

These were the high lights in the most business-like Budget parliament has heard in many years; a Budget that drew prolonged and thundrous applause from government and Progressive benches.

POPULAR EFFECT OF THE BUDGET

And, in that respect, parliament was Budget day was a crosssection of Canada. In the House itself to right of the mace, Mrs. Kruger was dissatisfied. In the country the preponderating majority of citizenhood owed allegiance to either Liberal and Progressive principles is pleased; a smaller element—that believing in high protection—is displeased. The nation-wide reaction to the Budget utterance has been on the whole favorable to the Liberals. Farmers, fishermen, lumbermen and miners see in it a welcome relief from high prices for their machinery of production. Merchants, tradesmen and salesmen welcome it as a release warrant from restricting trade entanglements. Consumers of the necessities of life and taxpayers generally must be impressed with a cut of $24,000,000 in the cost of the necessities of life. Buyers and sellers of everything that is or can be bought and sold are glad to be rid of at least part of sales tax oppression and welcome the general reduction in that impost. Even manufacturers of some of the very articles from which is removed a portion of their protection are reasonable in their criticism and are frankly admitting that their loss in direct paternalism may be more than compensated for in the free buying and selling that must result from the sales tax abolitions and reductions. The reaction is favorable, and growing more so as the days pass and the full effect of the Budget resolutions are comprehended.

ANOTHER RECORD MAJORITY, LIKELY.

And in the House itself? A fortnight will tell, when the division bells ring, but already there is growing a feeling that the majority of the government may be nearly half of the record-breaking one it secured on the address. In other words, there may be very few Liberal "boiters." It had been deemed inevitable, following their declarations on the tariff-clause in the Speech from the Throne, that Messrs. Marler, Euler, Raymond, Mitchell, Laflamme and several other Liberals, vote against their party in the event of the tariff clauses being implemented. The clause has been implemented—but the government may not lose these votes. There is a possibility—indeed, a strong probability—that the members named above will content themselves with a frank statement of their position, from the viewpoint of their constituents, and let it go at that. They regard tariff-reform as inevitable, even if at the expense, (temporarily, at least,) of their particular constituency, and they may see no gain in voting against the great majority of their party who believe that fiscal reform is in the best interests of Canada as a whole.

More than that, the Prime Minister may gain. He may secure not only the voting strength, but the debating strength of that strong Independent, Andrew McMaster of Bromo. Andrew may come back to the Liberal seat he left last session and again attend the party caucus. Probably he will. Probably, too, will another Independent-Liberal, who has been sitting among the elect, but refusing to attend caucusses, Honourable A. B. Hudson, of Winnipeg. It is certain that both of these gentlement regard the Budget as an expression of Liberalism and worthy of that name.

ATTACKING THE NATIONAL RAILWAY.

Practically all the resolutions covering branch-line construction on the Canadian National Railway were given approval last week by the Commons and now will appear before the Railway Committee. The bitter opposition that met the first few resolutions continued during the discussion of practically the entire lot, growing in bitterness, if anything as it progressed. The feature of the whole debate—apart from the solicitous attitude of scores of members as to the encroachment of the Nationals upon "holy ground" already occupied by the Canadian Pacific—as the scathing attack on Sir Henry Thornton's Directors by Howard, box, Stevens, of Vancouver. Stevens charged the Directors with [illegible] and placed the Board and the [illegible] echoed by many [illegible] his group. It was somewhat significant, however, that following his diatribe, the Budget remained on the order paper went through with very little debate.

THE HOME BANK DEPOSITORS

Bank depositors in Canada may look for fulfillment of the scheme of L. J. Ladner (Conservative, Vancouver) to guarantee deposits up to a value of $3,000. The House debated the proposal for an entire afternoon but, strangely enough, showed little interest in the idea. There is little likelihood that the debate will be concluded this session.

COURAGE TO SAY "NO."

The Prime Minister concluded a week of signal achievement by giving courteous but firm refusal to the prayer of a huge and influential deputation from Toronto to which came to demand the expenditure of millions of dollars on the waterfront viaduct in that city. The deputation—which came 120 strong, by special train, and which comprised representatives of every political, social, civic and business circle in the Queen's City—was told very plainly that economy "to the bare bone" was the policy of the government; that public works throughout Canada were being held up through lack of funds; that the government was finding difficulty in securing from parliament approval of Sir Henry Thornton's branch-line program and that first things must come first. The government, he assured his hearers, was in no sense repudiating its contract with Toronto but (this very decidedly) it was not going to be stampeded into implementing that contract immediately, and at the expense of other parts of Canada.

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Honored Medical Hero.

For twenty-five years, Dr. Charles Vaillant, a noted French physician worked to make the X-ray safe and practicable. Many times he was burned and his life was constantly endangered by his experiments. In 1919 the little finger of his right hand was amputated because of burns. Since then he has had thirteen operations of various kinds which have rendered him almost physically helpless, but he works on. Recently Dr. Vaillant was highly honored in Paris. The French Government gave him the Cross of the Legion of Honor, United States Ambassador Herrick presented to him the Carnegie Hero Medal, and the president of Paris City Council awarded him the City of Paris gold medal.

Paper That Can Be Washed.

A Japanese inventor has patented a paper that can be crumpled up and washed with soap and water. So durable is this paper that it can be used as a covering for umbrellas, and when soiled, can be easily cleaned at home. The inventor says that as wrapping paper, it could be used over and over, being washed when soiled. It is said that the producer can be made at a reasonable price. It has a texture somewhat like cloth, and is not to be confused with oiled paper.

SUNDAY SCHOOL LESSON

BY REV. W. H. GRIFFITH THOMAS, D.D.

Sunday, April 27.—Amos and Hosea Pleading for Righteousness. Books of Amos and Hosea.

The main subject of these lessons is very monotonous, because it deals with sin. But sin is always monotonous. It is the same everywhere, and at all times: disobedience followed by punishment. But the truth is so important and so easily forgotten that we must keep on looking at the various ways in which the people of Israel were unfaithful to their God, and on this account had to suffer.

I.—The Time.

Elisha had been dead for about 50 years (see lesson for April 20) and no one else like him and Elijah was sent to the people. Then arose a new order of prophets, who wrote down their messages, and so we have, commencing with Hosea and Amos, the beginning of the written prophesies of the Old Testament. God fulfills Himself in many ways, and just as Elijah and Elisha were raised up before the end of Omri's house, so Amos and Hosea were forthcoming as the house of Jehu was coming to an end. Both of these prophets were at work in the reign of Jeroboam II, whose reign of 50 years was dismissed in a few verses (II Kings 14:23-28), because, although it was outwardly peaceful, prosperous and progressive, underneath the surface there was utter ungodliness of several kinds. It was because of these symptoms that God raised up these two prophets.

II.—The Books.

Although contemporary and concerned with the same circumstances, their way of dealing with the problem of the people's sin was very different. The contrast between Hosea and Amos is at once interesting and impressive. Hosea came from within the kingdom, and his messages declared God's love, Amos from outside the kingdom (1:1; 7:14, 15; II Sam. 14:2), and showed the Divine wrath against sin. Hosea's book is largely concerned with the heart, telling of God's feelings towards the people; Amos is mainly concerned with the intellect, showing what God thinks of the evils. Hosea gives a picture of God's love, Amos gives one of His righteous sovereignty.

(a) The Book of Hosea may be briefly summarized thus:

(a) Ch. 1:1 to 3:5. Experiences.

(b) Ch. 4:1 to 13:8. Exhortations.

(c) Ch. 13:9 to 14:9. Encouragement.

He paints an awful picture (4:1, 2), showing how all classes were affected. His tone was led up to by denunciation of the sins of Jeremiah of the Northern Kingdom." His main theme is the Divine grace as opposed to Israel's sin. See the passage to be read, ch. 5:1-6.

The Book of Amos is thus analyzed:

(a) Ch. 1:1, 2. Introduction.

(b) Ch. 1:3 to 2:3. Part I. Discourse against the Nations.

(c) Ch. 2:4-5. Part II. Discourse against Judah.

(d) Ch. 2:6 to 9:10. Part III. Discourse against Israel.

(e) Ch. 9:11-15. Conclusion. Promise of Restoration.

The book is mainly occupied with Israel's moral and religious condition, against which the prophet brings serious and solemn charges. The passage to be read (ch. 5:1-6) is led up to by threatening (ch. 2, announcements of destruction (chapters 3 and 4), lamentations (chapters 5 and 6), and two special woes (5:18; 6:1). The first being concerned with Presumption and the second with Security. And no improvement took place, and no attention was paid to the prophet's words (see Amaziah's rage and contempt by the priest 7:17).

III.—The Messages.

Hosea is the prophet of Love. Amos is the prophet of Law. These two great principles are applicable in various ways to the sinner and his sin. God's justice cannot be indifferent to sin, while His love cannot be indifferent to the sinner. But both standpoints convey the same truths.

1. Self-indulgence is the expression of selfishness. Both prophets point out the utter greed and love of selfish pleasure that marked the people.

2. Self-indulgence is due to hardness of heart. The callousness of rich and poor is seen all through.

(3). Self-indulgence is based on sin. All the wrongs are traced to this foundation cause. At every point the sin of the people is plainly shown.

4. Self-indulgence is only and fully explained by forgetfulness of God. This is how the truth has been put, and it needs to be emphasized all the more.

"It is a law traced with awful distinctness by Paul in the first chapter of Romans that ungodliness is the fountain of all evils; that men first corrupt the idea of God and then pass down towards complete debasing of themselves, and then further to such enmity and strife that, in their feebleness from vice, the bonds of society can no longer hold it together. This law is very visible in the history of the northern kingdom. The sins which Amos reproves are, first, his corrupt worship of God, then sensual corruption, and then, lastly, there was such social oppression and deceit and war of class against class that it scarcely needed a prophet to see that the nation must speedily break up."

The same double message of love and law comes to us now in the Gospel. On the one hand, God is not willing that any should perish, but that all should come to repentance. (See II. Peter 3:9). On the other, "our God is a consuming fire." (See Hebrews 10:21 and 12:29). (1) The Divine pleading tells us that sin causes sorrow, but that it can be forgiven (Hosea). (2) The Divine warning tells us that sin brings shame and is certain to be punished (Amos).

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THE ROMAN ARMY.

How It Was Composed During Lifetime of Our Lord.

The army of Imperial Rome at the time of our Lord's ministry on earth and during the lifetime of his Apostles, was divided into legions, much the same as the British army is divided into or composed of regiments, but a legion was much larger than a regiment, at times and with full ranks containing as many as six thousand men, being therefore, about one-half the strength of a British division.

Each legion was under six tribuni, who commanded by turns. The tribuni are called "chief captains" in Acts xxi, 31—"And as they, (the Paul in Jerusalem), went about to kir him (St. Paul) tidings came unto the chief captain of the band, that all Jerusalem was in an uproar."

The legion was sub-divided into ten cohorts, a cohort being called a "band" in Acts x. The cohort was divided into three maniples, and the maniple into two centuries, containing originally 100 men, as the name implies, but subsequently it contained from 50 to 100 men, according to the strength of the legion, but the name century was retained. There were 60 centuries in a legion, and each century was under the command of a centurion, called a centurion, a word that occurs several times in the New Testament, for instance, in St. Matthew viii. 5, which tells of a centurion meeting our Lord as he entered the city of Capernaum; also St. Matthew xxvii., 54, and Acts x., 1, 22.

In addition to the legionary cohorts, or regular troops of the line, independent cohorts of volunteers served under the Roman standard. One of these cohorts was the Italian, as consisting of volunteers from Italy.

A military sub-division much smaller than those above mentioned is spoken of in Acts xii., 4—"And when he, (King Herod), had apprehended him, (St. Peter), he put him in prison, and delivered him to four quaternions of soldiers to keep him; intending after Easter to bring him forth to the people."

A quaternion was a military term, signifying a guard of four soldiers, two of whom were attached to the person of a prisoner, or it might be said, the prisoner was chained to two of the soldiers, while the other two soldiers kept guard outside the door of the cell.

The headquarters of the Roman forces in Palestine were in Cæsarea, situated on the Mediterranean. It lay to the northwest of Jerusalem, about 70 miles distant. It was the official residence of the Herodian kings, and of Felix, Festus, and the other Roman procurators or governors of Judæa. Cæsarea continued to be a city of some importance even down to the time of the Crusaders of the Middle Ages.

Chinese Legend.

There is no end of fascinating legends concerning the moon, and one of the most interesting is that of the Chinese, who, to account for the presence of the face in the moon, tell a quaint story of hospitality and heroic service. According to it, Sakyamuni, the founder of Buddhism, is said to have been a hare in one of the early stages of his existence. He lived in friendliness with a fox and ape. One day Indra, god of the middle air, the national and favorite god of Indro-Aryan tribes typifying heroic deeds for noble ends, passed that way and besought hospitality. The fox and ape quickly and easily produced him food, but the hare could find nothing to offer. Rather than be inhospitable the hare cast himself into the fire in order to become food for his guest, and as a reward for his sacrifice Indra transported him to the moon, where he is known to denizens of the Celestial Kingdom as the Chinese Old Man in the Moon.

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First Things In East

Times have changed since the first Protestant church in Canada was built in Halifax, says the Toronto Globe. It was called Mather's Church, after Cotton Mather, the New Englander, and was commenced in 1761, the same year that St. Paul's Church, in the same city, still standing, was started. Mather's Church was succeeded by St. Matthew's Presbyterian Church of to-day. The difference between early habits and customs and those of to-day is suggested by the fact that in the early days the lower flat of Mather's Church was rented as a barroom at £200 a year, which provoked the following verse, which someone attached to the door:

There's a spirit above, and a spirit below—
A spirit of joy and a spirit of woe;
The spirit above is the Spirit Divine,
But the spirit below is the spirit of wine.

This and other entertaining and impressive facts concerning the Maritime Provinces are related by W. C. Milner, Dominion Archivist for the Maritime Provinces, in an article entitled "A Country of First Things," in the Caduceus, the house organ of the Canadian Bank of Commerce. Some of the claims of priority are startling until it is remembered that Nova Scotia was settled long before Ontario, and in some respects earlier than Quebec, while the form of government there tended to more rapid progress than in French Canada.

The first church in Canada, and the second in North America, was built by DeMonts, the Huguenot adventurer, in 1604, on an island near St. Andrews, N.B. (St. Croix). The pillars of it were living trees. The settlement lasted only one winter. The first Roman Catholic church in Canada was built at Port Royal (now Annapolis Royal) in 1608. After the British occupation in 1710 it was converted into an Anglican church. The first Methodist church built in Canada, Mr. Milner says, was in 1790, at Point de Bute, in the vicinity of Amherst, in what was then the region of Forts Beausejour and Lawrence. The first Presbyterian church in Canada was established in Onslow, Colchester county, in 1764. The first Sunday School in the Dominion was opened in St. Paul's Church, Halifax, in 1785.

In the days of wooden ships hundreds of shipyards existed along the shores and harbors of the Maritimes, and St. John became the fourth shipowning port in the British Empire. The most famous of all shipbuilders of his day was Donald McKay, born at Jordan River, Shelburne, N.S., who built over 200 clipper ships.

The first university in Canada, King's College, was established at Windsor, N.S., in 1788 and opened in 1790. The first submarine cable in North America was laid between Cape Tormentine, N.B., and Cape Traverse, P.E.I., ten miles, in 1851. The first newspaper in British North America was the Halifax Gazette. The first representative Assembly in Canada met in Halifax in 1758, and 150 years later a memorial tower was erected, which now graces the west side of the Northwest Arm. St. John is the oldest incorporated town in Canada, receiving its charter in 1785. The first flour mill for grinding wheat was worked by water power at Annapolis Royal in 1607. The first farmer was Louis Hebert, who built dykes at Annapolis Royal, but remained only a short time, and after returning to France, was induced by Champlain in 1617 to settle in Quebec, which has honored him with an imposing memorial.

Nova Scotia's mild, placid climate contributes to long life, as conspicuously shown by Sir Charles Tupper, who died at 94, after 60 years in public life. Another case was Sir John Johnson. "It is said of him that at the age of 90 he vaulted over a six-bar fence, placing his hands on top. Coming down, his knees failed him, and he fell to the ground. He rose, and moving off, exclaimed: 'By —, I believe I am getting old.'"

Judge Morson.

If you were to question a law student attending Osgoode Hall, Toronto, as to his opinion of the charitable tendencies of Judge Morson of the Toronto division courts, he would be likely to start perceptibly, cast a furtive glance around, and say, "Very little chance."

The writer has quailed with others before the biting remarks of the judge and thought him rather a grouchy old veteran like the others.

Then one afternoon as I walked up Yonge street to my boarding house, I saw the judge walking ahead of me with his stick in both hands horizontally behind his back and thinking, as I imagined, of his law student victims of the morrow.

Three ragged little kiddies were enjoying themselves through the glass of a corner sweet shop. Suddenly they were noticed by his honor the judge, and he cut one of his snappy strides in twain and, stepping over to the lads, gave them a piece of silver. In my surprise I did not notice the amount. It matters not.

"Monty" Morson, as we called him, had no terrors for me after that.

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OUR NATIONAL PARKS

SANCTUARIES OF WILD LIFE AND HEALTH RESORTS.

By Far the Greater Number Are in the West, But Ontario Has Two and Nova Scotia Has One—Reserves Cover an Area of 25,044,400 Acres.

The Canadian National Parks are eleven in number. These it will be remembered are the property of the Federal Government; and, in addition to these are large areas belonging to the provinces, that are set apart as sanctuaries of wild life and health resorts and pleasure grounds for the people.

By far the greater part of this federal park area is in the West, comprising those well-known, and even famous parks at Banff, Yoho, Glacier, Mount Roweistoke, Jasper, Waterton Lakes, the Buffalo National Park at Wainwright, and the Elk Island Park.

There are two federal National Parks in Ontario—one at Point Pelee, the southern projection of Essex County, and the St. Lawrence Islands National Park—several of the Thousand Islands. There is one in Nova Scotia, Fort Anne Park at old Port Royal, now Annapolis Royal.

The Dominion Parks and Forest Reserves cover an area of 25,044,400 acres.

J. B. Harkin, Commissioner of Canadian National Parks, represents the happiest combination of the creative and the practical, a well blended prescription of Celtic vision and Scottish canniness. It seems to most of us that the Canadian National Parks system has been a fifty-year reality, so well entrenched is the idea in the public mind, and so widely advertised have been the names and characteristics of the great Western playgrounds, but as a matter of fact that national organisation of parks, on the present plan, was not launched until June, 1911, when J. B. Harkin took his place as commissioner. The choice of a commissioner was well made. Mr. Harkin had been city editor of the Ottawa Journal which probably taught him all the Alpine tricks of leaping from crag to crag at the moment, it emitted steam and smoke, the bell rang and the whistle blew, while the headlight became a moving picture projector.

Mr. Harkin with his newspaperman's sense of balance at once launched a plan to make the National Parks a great national asset, a magnet to tourist business, and in a comparatively few years had focussed national attention on the earning power of the parks as well as their high importance to the more crowded populations of Western Canada a few decades hence. To-day the system of National Parks is far beyond the possibility of political or other interference. The sound idea of setting aside for the perpetual use of the people great and superlatively beautiful areas of forest and mountain and river cannot now be disturbed. Moreover, the demonstrated national profit in dollars and cents from tourist traffic derived chiefly from the United States has made Parliament sensibly indulgent on the question of appropriations for upkeep and improvements.

One of Mr. Harkin's wisest steps was to put through the construction of the fine motor road across the Rockies, linking Alberta with British Columbia and giving direct access to the motor roads of the United States. Other outstanding achievements of Mr. Harkin's credit are the thoroughness of game protection in the parks, by which, in particular, the Bighorn and the Rocky Mountain sheep have been saved for the future; the protection of the buffalo; the administration of the Migratory Birds Act; the preservation of the historic and picturesque sites of our Dominion. The work of the Canadian National Parks Branch of the Department of the Interior is one of the most creditable achievements to the credit of our public service.

Last year the total appropriation for the National Parks was $966,000, or $54,000 less than one million dollars. Let the other side of the account, that of revenue, be presented in the words of the commissioner, who writes:

"An analysis of the year's travel shows that 88,763 people went to the large parks along the main railway lines, of whom approximately 65,000 were from foreign countries. Estimated on the basis of expenditure of $1,000 for each foreign visitor, it means that the national parks are responsible for an indirect revenue of approximately $19,500,000.

The total appropriation for the national parks during the past year were $966,000. According to the last census the population of Canada numbers 8,775,753 so that the national parks last year cost the people of Canada about 12 cents per capita. They bring in an indirect revenue of $19,500,000, or a per capita revenue of approximately $2.22. That is indirect revenue. But it must be remembered that this $19,500,000 is divided among the people and increases their incomes to that extent. There are also other revenues from the parks, from the sale of timber and from various concessionaires, which amounted last year to $72,000.

In addition there were approximately 27,000 foreign visitors to the smaller parks. It must be remembered, too, that the parks performed a direct service, which cannot be calculated in dollars and cents, by serving as a means of recreation for nearly 75,000 Canadian."

Importation of Tea.

Canada imported 39,125,147 pounds of tea during the twelve months ending November, which works out at around 4.4 pounds for every man, woman and child in the Dominion. But Canada's consumption of tea per head is a long way behind that of Great Britain. There the annual consumption per head is about eight pounds. Black tea from India is chief among Canada's tea importations.

Leading Canadian Cities.

The following are the names of the cities in Canada which have a population of over fifty thousand: Montreal (Greater Montreal), with a population of 941,529, according to Lovell's Montreal Directory for 1923-24; Toronto, Ont., 521,893; Winnipeg, Man., 179,087; Vancouver, B.C., 117,217; Hamilton, Ont., 114,151; Ottawa, Ont., 107,843; Quebec, Que., 95,193; Calgary, Alta., 63,305; London, Ont., 60,959; Edmonton, Alta., 58,821; and Halifax, N.S., 58,372.

Here and There

It is estimated that over 50,000 acres are sown with corn in Alberta in 1923, as compared with only 1,000 acres in 1919. This is a good indication of how rapidly corn culture is increasing in Western Canada in connection with mixed farming operations.

All previous records of Canadian freight transportation were broken when a solid train-load of automobiles reached the Pacific Coast from Windsor, Ont., over Canadian Pacific lines recently. The distance of 2,962 miles was covered in seven days, or exactly 169 hours and 20 minutes. The train, which consisted of 40 cars, each containing 6 Ford automobiles, was more than a third of a mile long and was handled on practically passenger schedule.

The splendidly sound position of the Canadian Pacific Railway is well shown in the annual report for the fiscal year ended December 31st, 1923, which has just been issued. The gross earnings of the Company for the year were $195,852,961.61, the working expenses $156,858,079.54, and the net earnings, $37,479,010.07.

A large party of Scottish farmers, ploughmen, farm workers and their families, is expected to arrive at Montreal in June. The party, which will sail on the Canadian Pacific steamer "Marburn," will be conducted by the Scottish representative of the Canadian Pacific Department of Colonisation and Development.

Alberta has maintained an average yield of spring wheat of 19½ bushels per acre over a period of twenty-six years, according to a chart prepared by the Department of Agriculture. In addition, winter wheat has averaged over the same period 20.19 bushels; oats, 35.79 bushels; barley, 26.10 bushels; rye, 18.84 bushels and flax, 8.71 bushels.

A feature of the annual banquet and convention of the officials of the Canadian Pacific Railway, which were held at Quebec on March 22nd, was the representation, in the handsetting hall, of a full-sized locomotive of the latest type emerging from a tunnel. Built of wood at Angus Shops, Montreal, it was in all respects perfect.

Indications of a great season in immigration are seen by Canadian Pacific officials in the arrival at St. John, N.B., during the week-end of March 29-30, of 2,401 ocean passengers, aboard the Company's steamers Montcalm and Metagama. The Montcalm had on board 1,584 of these passengers, which constitutes a record for the season.

Out of a total production of 10,730,150 pounds of creamery butter in 1922, Manitoba exported 3,863,264 pounds, valued at $1,513,169. Shipments were made to Great Britain, New York, Chicago and Montreal. In some about 200,000 pounds, Most were shipped in bulk.

In a speech by officers of the Canadian Pacific railway on the occasion of the recent convention at Quebec, Mr. E. W. Beatty, President, pointed out that 50 per cent. of the company's stock is held in Great Britain, 21 per cent. in Canada and 20 per cent. in the United States. It is, therefore, a corporation absolutely controlled within the British Empire and, he added, that control is being appreciably strengthened as the years go on.

Quebec's new goldfield in Roupn township, north of the Dog Quinze branch of the Canadian Pacific from Mattawa, is to be made accessible by an aeroplane service to be inaugurated by the Laurentide Air Service Limited, on May 18th. Prospectors, tourists and supplies will be able to cross the fifty mile gap between the end of steel and the goldfields, which formerly required two days to cover, in less than an hour in the flying boats to be used in the service.

Roosevelt's Big Stick.

Not all of the world's most interesting relics find their way into a museum. Theodore Roosevelt's big stick stands in the corner of a very humble little home in Washington, D.C.; a heavy hickory cane, with a star in one end, gift of the Grid-iron Club of California to President Roosevelt, now the prized possession of James Bailey, colored, footman for one of Washington's department stores.

An ordinary workday became a famous one in the Bailey family when, on a morning in March, 1908, three days before the president retired from office, his secretary took the big stick down to James at his work and presented it to him, together with an autographed picture of Mrs. Roosevelt.

There was no dramatic incident for which James was rewarded. It was just, as James says, "for my service here and for looking after the children while Mrs. Roosevelt shopped."

When the day is over and it is time for James to go home he can frequently be seen shouldering the big stick. He gives the trophy no chance to collect the dust. He uses it, as did his predecessor before him.

Once a Blacksmith.

One of the most remarkable personalities who achieved fame as a result of the war is Dr. Masaryk, the President of the Republic of Czechoslovakia.

This simple, though dignified, statesman, who visited London recently, began his career as a blacksmith's assistant. His desire for knowledge led him to spend all his spare time in learning and in assisting the village schoolmaster, so that by 1882 he had taken his doctor's degree at Prague University.

He was elected president of the new Republic in 1918, and soon proved himself a strong leader. When agitators planned a coup d'etat against him, he met them and said: "Well, you want to govern, so we will have a trial of forces when we have agreed upon the weapon. It is either the rifle or negotiations." They chose negotiations, with the result that Dr. Masaryk was more firmly established than ever.

House - Cleaning - Supplies!

To make spring cleaning more thorough the household must be properly equipped, so here we give you a list of the accessories of house cleaning.

WASH BOILERS

Tin, with copper bottom. Size 9. Specially priced at..... $2.45
Galvanized Boilers. Size 10. Specially priced..... $2.19

WATER PAILS

In Tin, Galvanized and Grey Granite, priced from..... .35

WASH TUBS

Galvanized steel with wringer cleats, large size, specially priced at..... $1.95

WASH BOARDS

Full size, with metal face, also crystal faced. Priced at..... .59 AND .73

SOAPS

A good list of Soaps that help you clean. McIntosh Laundry Soap 13 1-lb. bars for..... $1.00
Prevento Carbolic, 3 cakes..... .24
Lux, 2 packages for..... .24
Snowflake Ammonia, 3 packages..... .24
Handy Ammonia, 3 packages..... .24
Sunshine Cleanser 2 tins..... .24
Nonesuch Stove Polish..... .20

CORN BROOMS

4 string, good size, housecleaning special..... .45

TARBOX DUSTING MOPS

Large Black, chemically treated Mops for wax floors, housecleaning special $1.75

Fresh Curtains indicate careful housecleaning.

SCOTCH MADRAS

36 in. wide, good quality Ecru shade, a fine selection of patterns, 3 YDS. FOR $1.00 specially priced at....

SCRIM

36 in. wide with neat border in cream and white, also one piece with colored flower design, specially priced per yd..... .15

ART SATEEN

Nothing nicer for side drapes, and our selection is wonderful. 36 in. wide, specially priced per yd..... .75

COLORED MADRAS

This makes wonderful living room curtains. We are showing all the leading shades and designs. 50 in. wide, priced from per yard..... $1.00

COVERALL APRONS

You must have one of these for your housecleaning. Specially priced for this week at..... .95

ELECTRIC BULBS

Buy for present and future needs. It is a comfort to have extra bulbs on hand. 25, 40 and 60 watt Tungsten bulbs, 3 for... $1.00

'PHONE 359 **McINTOSH BROS.** NAPANEE BRANCH

Glimpses of Henry Ford

It is not likely that the real story of Henry Ford will be written while he lives; it would be premature, for that matter. Those who are in a position to write about Ford have either their strong personal reasons for flattering him or reasons for detracting from him, usually political reasons. One cannot assay his character by examining his public acts, for they are only a small part of him, and some of the most sensational of them have been really the acts of others, as, for instance, the Peace Ship exploit. Naturally to know Ford one has to be closely associated with him, and those who are intimately connected with him are making a lot of money out of him. Disgraise is not to be looked for. Those who were intimate with him and have left his employ might speak indisparagement, but their utterances would be discounted, since most of them have left at Ford's earnest solicitation. Senator Couzens might give a calm opinion of Mr. Ford, but the Senator is the richer by many millions of dollars through his association with Henry.

The public get only occasional glimpses of Mr. Ford. If we leave aside the biographies that have appeared in such numbers in the past two or three years when Mr. Ford had not decided whether he would be a Presidential candidate. Mr. E. G. Pipp, a Detroit editor, has known Mr. Ford intimately for twenty years, and was the first editor of the Dearborn Independent. His opinion of the great manufacturer is given in the Brooklyn Eagle, and is not one that would rouse the ire of Mr. Ford. He regards Ford as an extraordinary man, not only as a mechanic, but as a business man and financier. He says it is Ford's ambition to become the richest and most powerful man in the world, and he is well on the way to achieve this ambition. It seems to us that Mr. Pipp pretty well proves his case for the all-round ability of Mr. Ford when he notes that he has the brains to produce the goods, to market them and to get the money for himself.

Salient facts concerning the Ford business are thus summarized by the Eagle:—

For many years the Ford business has brought more money to the Ford offices than is taken in by the entire Pennsylvania railroad system or the entire New York Central railway system.

In the plant and its 40 branches he employs approximately 100,000 men.

His profits are more than $100,000,000 a year.

The banks of the country are paying him more than $10,000 a day interest on his daily cash balance on deposit.

The profits on the repair parts he sells for his cars amount to a million dollars a month.

He is now getting control of his sources of supply, iron mines, coal mines, lumber woods, glass plants, railroads and ships for transportation.

Henry Ford, personally, is in touch with the details of the whole business.

"I trust my boys," he said for publication, when a big deal was put over. But he checked them up well before the deal was closed.

When the war ended Mr. Ford gave Mr. Pipp an inkling of an understanding of mass production. A large building intended for war work was partly constructed on November 11, 1918. A manager suggested that work on it be stopped, but Ford ordered that it proceed slowly. He explained that labor would be rather nervous after the war, and that if the building were to be immediately torn down it would unsettle the men. So he decided to finish it, and then tear it down when the set would not appear to have so much significance. The first press bought for the Dearborn Independent was a second-hand one. After it had been set up, Mr. Ford ordered it dismantled in order that the wheels might be polished. He explained that if the wheels were polished it would then be possible to determine whether any of them were cracked. Moreover, he said, "you can't expect men to keep a piece of machinery neat and clean unless you start it that way." Mr. Ford is opposed to titles in his shop. James Couzens was his general manager and when he left the newspapers commented on it in a way that Mr. Ford did not like. He decided then and there that when men went in or out it would be only individuals who moved. The titles did not shift.

Mr. Couzens was a man of unusual ability who had done his share to build up the Ford enterprises, but the time came when Mr. Ford wanted to get rid of him. He had a check put on him and learned that he had been at the plant only 184 days in the year. Mr. Ford said that if Couzens were on the job he would rather have his judgment than anyone else's, but that his judgment off the job wasn't as good as somebody else's on it. Ford remained home two or three days to figure out how he would break his business relations with Couzens. Then the day he had made up his mind to speak Couzens precipitated matters by complaining of some peace propaganda that appeared in a little magazine circulated among the Ford employes. He said it would have to be cut out or he would resign. Ford told him it would stay in, and so Couzens quit. They parted friends, and the day Couzens left Ford, to please him, gave an interview approving of public ownership. Later on, when there was a critical moment in the fight for the particular public ownership that Couzens wanted for Detroit, Mr. Ford had one of his leading experts issue a statement that helped knock the scheme on the head.

Indian Makes Butter From Fish.

The butter supply of the Indians of British Columbia and Alaska is obtained from a fat little fish called the oolichan. Every summer they fish scows from the ocean up the rivers to spawn, like salmon. Millions are taken in nets. First they are thrown into large bins made of cedar logs, where they lie for a few days to soften in the sun. Then they are placed in great cedar vats of boiling water, to suffer being beaten by hot stones which are dropped into them. This primitive method of heating has been found to produce better butter than when the fish are boiled in the more orthodox fashion. As the oil rises to the top it is skimmed off. It hardens quickly and has the appearance of lard. Beautifully white it is not easy to detect it from butter, there being not the slightest odor of fish about it. The Indians pack it in water-tight cedar boxes, making enough of this fish butter during the summer months to last them throughout the year.

Commanded Canadian Brigade.

Brigadier-General Leonard Gif Francis Maynard Greville, who Lord Brooke, Who has just succeeded his father as sixth Earl of Warwick, is well-known to many Canadians, more especially those who took part in the great war, in which he served as brigadier-general and commanded the Canadian cavalry brigade and an infantry brigade.

He was born on September 19, 1882, the eldest son of the fifth Earl of Warwick, and received his education at Eton. He married, in 1909, Marjorie, daughter of Sir W. Eden, and has three sons.

He entered the army as an officer in the Fifth Life Guards, and served in South Africa in 1900, becoming extra C.D.C. to Lord Milner in 1901. He acted as Reuter's special correspondent during the Russo-Japanese war of 1904-5, and holds the Order of the Rising Sun of Japan and the Russian Order of the Red Eagle. He acted as private secretary to the chief of the Imperial Grand Staff in 1913-14, later commanding the Canadian cavalry brigade, becoming C.D.C. to the commander-in-chief of the British army in France. He next commanded the fourth Canadian infantry brigade of the expeditionary force, with the title of brigadier-general, and is still on the list of officers of the Canadian forces. He is at present Inspector-General of Forces in Great Britain.

Canadian Wins Success In London.

Edward Robert Peacock, a lieutenant of the City of London, who has just been elected a director of Baring Brothers and Co., Ltd., is another Canadian who has had a successful career in the sphere of finance in the British Metropolis.

Born in Glengarry, Ont., on August 2, 1871, the eldest son of the late Rev. W. M. Peacock, a Canadian, he received his education at Queen's University, Kingston, from which he graduated with the degree of M.A.

He started his business career as English master and Senior House master at Upper Canada College, Toronto, remaining there from 1895 to 1902. He was next with the Dominion Securities Corporation of Canada and London, retaining his connection with the company until 1915, when he launched out into general business, becoming a director of the Bank of England, a member of the International Committee of Bankers on Mexico.

Mr. Peacock married Katherine, a daughter of the late John Coates.

India's Forest Revenue.

India's forest revenue during the past two decades have contributed to a handsome total. In the first financial year of the present century the grand total of the forest revenue amounted to round figures to £6,415,000 and the expenditure to £3,609,000, leaving a credit balance of £2,807,000. The surplus in 1901-2 fell to £2,785,000, but since then the tendency has been upward, and in 1919-20 the profits reached £8,760,000.

The Queen's Taste.

Queen Mary is noted for her taste in dress. Here is a charming instance: "The Queen, wearing a grey velvet coat trimmed with moleskin, and a jade-green and silver toque."

Maple Leaf Paint.

A standard brand, which we are clearing out. While the supply lasts we sell it at $1.00 quart.
DAVY & ALLISON.

Farm, Poultry and Lawn Fencing.

A full stock always on hand.

D. B. WILSON

'Phone 138.

F. C. MARTIN & SON

FUNERAL DIRECTORS AND UNDERTAKERS

Parlors and Office :
Dundas St., Napanee

A motor ambulance has been purchased and is available when required, day or night.

Office Telephone No. 74.
Residence Telephone No. 375

F. C. MARTIN & SON.
Successors to Hambly & Mings.

24-6m

H. W. GALLAGHER

The People's Auctioneer

My experience in handling a number of very successful sales has convinced my patrons that I am capable of handling any sale and guarantee to give you perfect satisfaction.

List your sales with me.

H. W. GALLAGHER.

Phone 10 ring 1-3,
Adolphustown. 11-3-m

CLEAN-UP

This is the proper season for a general clean-up.

Destroy all rubbish which might cause fires.

Also be sure

YOUR INSURANCE

is ample and in a reliable company.

Consult

HARSHAW & SON
Insurance Agents,
NAPANEE, ONT.

You don't know what you are missing by not having

A Radio Set

Before you buy come in and hear the NEW SHUTT RADIO RECEIVER. This is the latest thing in Radio.

Price Complete, Installed $75.00

Other Sets from... $55.00 UP

Now is the time to get

Your Battery put in Shape for Spring

Don't leave it till you need it. We specialize on Battery Work

Auto Electric Service Station

E. F. SMITH,

Official Examiner for Chauffeur's Licenses.

'Phone 264.
JOHN STREET, - NAPANEE.

Dairy Supplies.

Milk Cans (8 gallons) Dairy Pails, Pans, Creamers, etc., always in stock. WILSON'S HARDWARE.

Repairs.

Winter weather requires good boots. Bring in those old ones and have them repaired.

SEYMOUR BROS.,
Near Post Office.

Notice.

After the 15th of May, F. W. Smith & Bro., who are selling their entire stock of jewellery and silverware at cost, will not be responsible for articles left with them for repairs.

"Farm Folks."

The Anderson Community Club will produce their popular play, "Farm Folks" in the Standard Bank Hall, Newburgh, under the auspices of the Mid-week of the Co-operative Church, on Wednesday, April 30th. Admission : Reserved seats 35c. ; rush seats 25c. Plan a Quail's store.

Wallace's Sell

Highest grade Separator Oil, 25c. quart ; new Electric Louse Powder 35c. a lb. ; 6 lbs. Epsom Salts for stock 25c. ; 4 lb. pure Salt Petre 25c. ; 6 lbs. Sulphur 25c. ; Walladerma (Winter Balm) 25c. a bottle ; Glycerine and Rose Water 15c. bottle ; 2-oz. Blaud's Improved Iron Pills 25c. Everything fresh and good at WALLACE'S.

Surplus Hens.

Now is the time to sell your extra hens and loafers, while the prices are high, before the drop comes as the season advances. We will give extra prices for extra good stuff and good prices for all.

THE M. B. MILLS CO.

Reliable poultry dealers. Custom hatching now in full swing at our Napanee Hatchery. 17-c

---

Wallace's Drug Store are agents for Johnson's Floor Wax in Napanee.

VanLuven

1886-1924

TO OUR PATRONS :—

It is time to begin thinking about COAL for next winter's supply. We want to thank you for the business you gave us last winter and ask that you consider us when you get ready to buy COAL again.

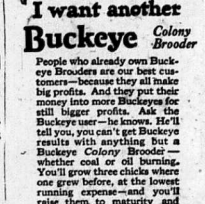
Call 92.

New Hydro Lamp Prices !

25 watt	Tungsten.....	37c
40 watt	"	37c
60 watt	"	42c
75 watt	Nitrogen.....	62c
100 watt	"	75c
150 watt	"	94c
200 watt	"	$1.25
250 watt	"	1.90
300 watt	"	2.20
500 watt	"	3.30

These Lamps are all Guaranteed for 1500 Hours

Hydro Shop



I want another **Buckeye** *Colony Brooder*

People who already own Buckeye Brooders are our best customers—because they all make big profits. And they put their money into more Buckeyes for still bigger profits. Ask the Buckeye user he knows. He'll tell you, you can't get Buckeye results with anything but a Buckeye *Colony* Brooder—whether coal or oil burning. You'll grow three chicks where one grew before, at the lowest running expense—and you'll raise them to maturity and make real money. Come in and see these remarkable brooders today. We have the very size you need.

THE M. B. MILLS CO.
NAPANEE, ONT.

RAISE EVERY RAISABLE CHICK

PINE LUMBER FOR SALE

In all thicknesses and dimensions.—Also Hardwoods, Slabs and Stovewood.

After January 10 we will do **CUSTOM SAWING** at our water power Grist Mill

AT MILLHAVEN

Phone 14 Napanee, or Bath Central.

M. R. MIDMER

GRACE METH. CHURCH

A. J. TERRILL, B.A., B.D., Pastor.

9.30—Class meeting
10.30 a.m.—Morning worship.
11.45 Sunday School and Adult Classes.
7.00 p.m.—Evening service.
Monday, 8 p.m.—League service.
Wednesday, 7.45 p.m.—Mid-week Prayer and Praise service.
The Pageant, "The Spirit of Easter," and thank-offering, Tuesday evening, April 29th.

For Your Spring Work.

We can supply your Spring wants in Hardware, Tools, Paints, Muresco, etc. Seeds, Poultry Supplies, Stock Foods. DAVY & ALLISON.

Ladies' Bowling Club.

A meeting of the Club is called for Thursday evening at 7.30, at the Club House. All members are requested to be present. Matters of importance will be discussed.

Sills' Motors.

Service on all cars. Work guaranteed. We are installing new work shop equipment for time and labor saving, giving greater satisfaction to our customers. Genuine Ford parts. Formerly Lennox Garage.

Historical Society Meeting.

The last Historical Society lecture will be given in the Historical Hall, on Friday night of this week. The lecturer will be Prof. P. G. C. Campbell. Prof. Campbell is one of Queen's most popular lecturers and should be greeted by a full house. All are welcome.

Auction Sale.

The undersigned will offer for sale on Lot 20, Con. 8, Camden, known as the Pat Murphy farm, one mile from Croydon, on Thursday, April 24th, 1924, at 1 o'clock sharp, 1 horse, 10 years old, 1200 lbs, 1 young cow ready to freshen, 4 yearling steers, 2 yearling heifers, 25 hens, 1 disc Harrow, 1 Massey-Harris Cultivator, set single harness, McLaughlin buggy, nearly new buggy pole, new, wheelbarrow, all household effects and other articles. Usual terms.

ALEX LYNCH,
Auctioneer.
HENRY KING,
Owner.

Oddfellows Will Attend Church.

On Sunday afternoon at 3 p.m., on April 27th, the different branches of the Oddfellows Order will attend divine service in Trinity Church. The members of Mt. Ararat Encampment No. 16, Napanee Lodge No. 86, Argyll Lodge No. 212 and Queen of Sheba Rebekah Lodge No. 254, will meet at the rooms of Argyll Lodge No. 212, at 2.30 p.m. and parade to the church. Rev. Tanton, who is affiliated with all branches of the Order, will be the preacher. The musical part of the service will take the form of an Oddfellows male chorus, consisting of about thirty members. A cordial invitation is extended to the public generally to attend this service.

Lent and Easter at St. Mary Magdalene's.

The daily services during Lent were well attended throughout, especially those held each morning. Good Friday the three hour service was conducted by Dean Starr, of St. George's Cathedral, Kingston, who gave a service of devotional meditations on the seven words spoken by our Lord from the Cross. In the evening a lantern service was held, the slides illustrating "His Last Day." The Easter Day services were largely attended, with a fine number of communicants at both the morning Celebrations. The choir had been trained by Prof. Baird, and the attractive special music was beautifully rendered. The annual Vestry meeting was held on April 15th, when very gratifying reports as to the finances, were submitted by the Church Wardens and by the various organizations. W. J. Doller and W. S. Herrington, K. C., were re-appointed Wardens and T. B. Wallace, F. F. Miller and W. J. Doller were chosen at Lay Representatives to Synod.

At H. W. KELLY'S grocery you can get : Pure lard 17c. per lb. ; shortening 17c. per lb. ; pure cocoa, 10c. a lb. ; good sized Oranges 25c. per doz. ; Lemons 20c. doz. ; 2 lbs. Seedless Raisins 25c. ; 2 lbs. Prunes 25c. ; 2 lbs. Apricots 35c. ; 3 Corn Flakes 25c. For good, pure Coffee, try 1 lb. It will convince you. We grind while you wait.

CAMPBELL HOUSE CORNER.

Canadian National Railways.

Trains leaving Napanee :

EASTBOUND.

No. 18, mail, daily 12.59 a.m.
No. 20, Passenger; daily except Sunday, 1.38 a.m.
No. 16, Express, daily 2.34 a.m.
No. 8, Express, daily 3.25 a.m.
No. 152, Local, 9.30 a.m.
No. 10, Mail, daily except Sunday, 11.54 a.m.
No. 14, Express, daily 12.56 p.m.
No. 6, Ottawa Express, daily except Sunday, 3.43 p.m.
No. 28, Local, daily except Sunday, 6.11 p.m.
No. 30, Local, daily except Sunday, 1.33 p.m.

WESTBOUND.

No. 19, Mail, daily 1.31 a.m.
No. 21, Express, daily 2.45 a.m.
No. 29, Local, daily except Sunday, 7.00 a.m.
No. 303, Local, daily except Sunday, 9.16 a.m.
No. 27, Local, daily except Sunday, 10.45 a.m.
No. 15, International Limited, daily 2.22 p.m.
No. 5, Express, daily except Sunday, 5.00 p.m.
No. 9, Mail, daily except Sunday 5.02 p.m.
No. 152, Tweed Passenger, daily except Sunday, 6.40 p.m.

See the Nesco Perfect Oil Stove with Rockwevaye wick. A new stove and the most perfect yet produced. DAVY & ALLISON.

Removal

The firm of

Jas. Walters

has removed

UPSTAIRS ABOVE THE HYDRO OFFICE

Entrance one door west of their former store

JAMES WALTERS,
MERCHANT TAILOR.
NAPANEE

ST ANDREW'S CHURCH

Rev. A. J. Wilson, B. A., B. D., pastor.

Sunday, 10.30—Morning Worship.
11.45—Sunday school and bible classes.
Sunday, 7.00 p. m.—Evening Worship.
Thursday, 7.30 p.m.—Midweek service.

S. MARY MAGDALENE CHURCH

Services of S. Mary Magdalene Church :

Rev. J. H. H. Coleman, M. A., Vicar.

8.00—Holy Communion.
10.30—Morning Prayer.
12.00—Sunday School. Presentation of Missionary Boxes.
7.00—Evening prayer.

New Paint Shop.

Mr. Frank Markle has rented the Symington evaporator building at the foot of West street, and is fixing it up for a paint shop, for cars, motor boats, furniture, etc. Tops and trimmings of all kinds. Work guaranteed. 5-tf

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Grand Concert.

The Albert College Glee Club, Belleville, 30 voices, will give a high-class programme in Grace Church, on Friday evening, May 2nd, under the auspices of the Epworth League. Admission 35 cents.

Save the Surface.

Martin-Senour 100 per cent. pure paints and varnishes save you money and save your property. 90 for every purpose, a brand for every purpose. One trial will convince you.

WILSON'S HARDWARE.

The Market Brought.

Fresh this week, new cabbage, celery, oranges, grape fruit, lemons. Fine old cheese, Kraft, Roquefort and Limburger cheese. Chick feed, calf meal, oyster shell, crystal grit, Ogilvies Flour, rolled oats, wheat granules and Graham flour. A fresh stock of staple and fancy groceries. For a delicious cup of tea or coffee, try our special blends.

THOMPSON BROS.,
Quality Grocers, Phone 154.

John T. Grange.

John Thomas Grange, one of the oldest residents of Napanee, passed away on Sunday, at the Hotel Dieu, Kingston, at the ripe age of 87 years. Mr. Grange was one of the pioneer residents of the town and connected with its business life for half a century. In the early sixties he was a member of the town council for several years. In 1867 he unsuccessfully contested Lennox county against Sir Richard Cartwright in the first election following Confederation. In 1870 he was elected to represent Lennox in the Ontario Legislature and was again elected in 1874. For some years he was in partnership with his brother, the late A. W. Grange in the drug business. At the annual nomination for Municipal offices, Mr. Grange was the chairman for a long number of years and until a couple of years ago, when he was physically unable to be present. He leaves, three daughters, Mrs. W. K. Pruyn, Mrs. H. Robinson, Kingston, and Mrs. Wilson, Calgary, and one son, Mr. W. A. Grange, Napanee. The funeral will take place from the residence of Mr. W. A. Grange, East street, on Wednesday, April 23rd, at 10.30 a.m., under Masonic auspices.

The first part of an actual timber surveying trip in Northern Ontario is given in the May issue of Rod and Gun in Canada by T. A. Higgins, dealing with every phase of the work, while G. F. Sladen has a good story on a novel canoe trip in May with the snow still on the ground. "Rushed by a Grizzly" is an exciting account of a perilous adventure by John Cook, and Mark G. McElhinney gives and interesting description of his trip to beautiful Banff Park. The sneaking wildcats along the Clyde River, Nova Scotia, give Bonnycastle Dale subject matter for a well written article, while "A Wild Goose Chase in Newfoundland" by E. Gallop is an unusual and well told story. H. W. Fry continues his series on shooting from the six point rest, and F. C. Ness has a practical article on making small game and targets on the "go" easy, for shooters. The daring adventure of Captain Doudeers the man who went after timber wolves in the north in Winter makes fascinating reading, and all the regular departments are well stocked with interest in preparation for the summer season. The May number of Rod and Gun in Canada contains some phase of practically every sportsman's interests.

TRINITY METH. CHURCH

Rev. W. R. Tanton, Pastor.

10.30—Morning service. Subject, "Sunday Morning With the Disciples—Thomas the Doubter."
11.45 a.m.—Sunday School and Bible Classes.
p.m.—Annual Oddfellows service.
7.00 p.m.—Evening Service. Subject, "The Spiritual Message of Some Master Paintings."

Dr. Ralph Aylsworth, eye specialist, will be at F. W. Smith & Bros., next Saturday. 17-tf

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See the Nesco Perfect Oil Stove, with Rockweave wick. A new stove and the most perfect yet produced. DAVY & ALLISON.

Trinity Young People's Union will present the drama, "The Passing of the Third Floor Back" on May 6th and 7th.

The Woman's Christian Temperance Union will hold their annual meeting for election of officers in the Library on Tuesday, April 29th, at three o'clock.

A Kingston motorist was caught speeding on Dundas street on Saturday evening with his cutout open and will appear before the Magistrate in due course to answer for his evidence.

Do you know that you can make delicious puddings and pies with Du-Ko in five minutes, without having to use sugar, eggs or flavoring ? Put up in handy tins. Three flavors, Lemon, Chocolate and Maple Cream. For sale by all grocers.

A motorist and a Hydro pole came to grief on the corner of East and Bridge streets on Saturday evening. The motorist evidently lost control of his car and ran into the pole, breaking it off near the ground. The car was also badly smashed.

Charles Thompson, a well-known resident of Tamworth, passed away at the Kingston General Hospital, on Friday afternoon, after an illness lasting for some time. Deceased was 76 years of age and was born in Sheffield, where he resided for a number of years. The remains were sent to Tamworth for burial.

Vaccinate your young cattle ! Already two cases of hacking are reported. It costs only 10c. to vaccinate one animal and its cheap insurance against this disease. For sure results insist on Parke Davis & Co. Fresh Blackleg vaccine in sealed tubes of ten pellets, $1.00 per tube, at WALLACE'S. Mail orders will be promptly filled.

An entertainment will be given in the school room of St. Mary Magdalene's Church, on Monday evening, the 28th inst. The program will consist of lantern slides of old time scenes and citizens of Napanee, a monologue by Mrs. Powell of the remarkable story of Greyfriars Bobby, an Irish folk dance and musical numbers by Mrs. Cameron Wilson and Miss Georgie Robinson. All are welcome. A silver collection will be taken at the door. Come and see if you can recognize your friends of long ago.

"There is none like unto Thee, O Lord." Jer. 10-6 ; "Those that seek Me early shall find Me." Prov. 8-17 ; "I will praise Thee, O Lord, with my whole heart." Ps. 9-1 ; "If we suffer, we shall also reign with Him," 2 Tim. 2-12 ; "The Lord hath laid on Him the iniquity of us all." Isa. 53-6 ; "Let this mind be in you, which was also in Christ Jesus," Phil. 2-5 ; "Show me Thy ways O Lord, teach me Thy paths," Ps. 24-4 ; "Go ye into all the world and preach the gospel to every creature," Mark 16-15.

Bounteous source of every joy,
Let Thy praise my tongue employ
All to Thee, my God I owe,
Source whence all my blessings flow.

A BIBLE LOVER.

Wire Fencing.

Our carload of fencing is already here. Don't depend on mail orders with long waits for your fencing. Bring in your money and get the goods at the right price. WILSON'S HARDWARE.

DESERONTO.

Mr. Ben McDonald, foreman of County roads for Hastings County, is busily engaged with men clearing a location for the county crusher, which will be moved from its present location near Lonsdale, Deseronto, where a large quantity of rock is to be crushed for repairing and conditioning the County roads in this territory.

Mr. Jack Hill, a student in attendance at Ironsides College, Quebec, is an Easter holiday visitor here.

Messrs. James and Alex Therrien have departed for Orchard Point Inn, a summer resort conducted by the brothers in the Orillia territory. The Therrien brothers have conducted this resort for several years.

Mr. T. J. Naylor is conditioning his gasoline cruiser "Donald" preparatory to the summer cruising in Ontario waters.

Mr. James W. Sayer, Trenton, having finished his work for the Trenton Cooperage Co., of Trenton, is renewing acquaintances in town and in inspection of the company's holdings in Deseronto.

Mr. A. W. Beal, of Whitby, who is connected with the Ontario Government Department of Education visited the High School and Public School here last week in fulfillment of his duties as lecturer on Social Eugenics and Personal Hygiene.

Mr. and Mrs. Earl Hammett have returned to town for the summer, after having spent the winter in Trenton. Mr. Hammett is with the C.N.R.

Mrs. F. Cummings, Dundas street, who has been in the Kingston General Hospital for some weeks, is able to be home again.

Jack Reeves, Belleville, who has been telegrapher in Malloy's, for some months, has returned to Belleville to complete his course.

Miss Gertrude Vandewater, Thomas street, and a recent graduate of O.B.C. Belleville, has accepted a situation in Toronto, and has left for that city.

Miss Ruby MacDonald, Pointe Anne, was the guest of Miss Babe Cole, Maine street, recently.

THOSE who employ us have the assurance that they will receive the highest degree of service and satisfaction. We are equipped to handle a commission in a thorough manner. Our services are dependable and polite.

MASTERS & TIERNEY UNDERTAKERS
FULL MOTOR EQUIPMENT
AMBULANCE WINDOW SHADES

Can I help a poor benighted brother
Cast down beneath a load of care and trouble,
Shed a ray of sunshine in his heart,
E'er he and I from this world depart.

The time to soothe his throbbing brow
With the balm of human kindness is now,
The fairest rose but once doth blow,
Friendship, love, truth bestow in life's passing show.

Why hesitate ? Time and fate will close that gate,
Then alas ! forever be too late.
How sad those thoughts grip the hearts of men—
I could have done it, then.

Many have stood by lonely graves
Powerless to recall the pain they gave,
With sad regret and bitter tears
Felt the wrong of bygone years.

Standing by graves and coffins of loved ones near.
Husband, wife, parents and children dear ;
Cold, silent monitor of death,
Our hearts in sorrow and grief bereft.

Only then did we feel
We loved them better than we knew,
Only then did we feel,
They loved us better than we knew.

Brief our stay on life's highway,
Death, a debt of nature, we all owe,
The stream of life, an ever changing passing throng,
A conflict, between truth and falsehood, right and wrong.

Gold and fame in every age men seek to gain,
Only to find sorrow and pain ;
No pen can write, no tongue can tell,
The sorrow and pain that on earth doth dwell.

Gold, money and banks they ne'er contain,
Aught for human life to sustain.
Kernels of grain are very small,
But they contain substance to nourish us all.

Love and learn truth and reason to discern
Our daily bread honestly to earn;
Standing face to face with the great Unknown,
Why do men fear to stand alone ?

Composed by Fred Sexsmith, 162 Garden Ave., Toronto.

Keep a box of Cold Break Ups on hand and he minute you feel a cold coming on commence taking them, nine times out of ten you will break it up. 25c. a box at WALLACE'S.

A. E. PAUL
Clerk 1st Division Court
INSURANCE.
Office :
OVER HENRY'S BOOKSTORE.

WONDERLAND

WEDNESDAY and THURSDAY

As "PIONEER TRAILS" is a dramatic story of the days following the gold rush of 1849. Director Smith required locations typical of those existent during that period. Scouts were sent out throughout the Western States to find sites in keeping with the time of the story.

Also a Larry Semon comedy.

FRIDAY and SATURDAY

"OUT OF LUCK," in which Hoot Gibson is seen as a gob in the U. S. navy. It isn't just a series of chuckles or broad smiles. It's hilarious laughter and the Universal cowboy star steps into a fast pace with the leading comedians of the screen.

Also a good comedy.

MONDAY and TUESDAY

Jane Novak and Earle Williams in a drama that grips the heart. Are you about to be married ? See "JEALOUS HUSBANDS," first.

Also a special Comedy.

Black's 5-Piece Orchestra every Wednesday night.

GEO. TUSTIN, Prop.

Napanee Marble and Granite Works

Easter approaching reminds you of the dear one who has passed to his or her reward. If you have placed no monument of beautiful, imperishable granite over the final resting-ground, let us plan one for you. It will be your noblest tribute. We have a large stock of the very latest designs to choose from, at the lowest possible cost.

WM. HOWITT.

Make Vine's Electric Shop Your Headquarters

for Electric Appliances such as Water Heaters and Irons, Toasting, Curling Irons, Vacuum Cleaners, **Washing Machines,** Electric Ranges—the National—the quickest and most economical range on the market. Also a complete line of National Heating Apparatus of all kinds.

When in need of **repairing** being done call and let us give you estimates on same.

House wiring a specialty.

A complete line of fixtures of all kinds, lamps and glassware, etc., for a complete installation in your home.

Agent for the famous Caron Farm Light and Power Plant.

Also agent for the best Lightning Rod on the market, that is Shinn Flat. Made in Canada.

1 Peninsular Range, for sale cheap.

Vine's Electric Shop

Market Square, Napanee
'Phone 367.

WILL IT RAIN TO-MORROW ? CONSULT THIS WEATHER PROPHET

This Coupon and 69c. Good for One $1.00 Weather House Prophet

Made in Canada

It is surprisingly reliable on local weather conditions. Made on strictly scientific principles. We have secured a special price on a quantity, and as long as they last will sell them for exactly what it costs us to retail them, only 69c., if you bring this coupon.

When the weather is to be fine the two children will be out; when the stormy weather is approaching the witch will come out for 8 to 24 hours ahead of rain or snow.

The house is made of hardwood, is Swiss cottage style, and is decorated, as in the picture, with thermometer, elk's head, bird's nest and birds, etc. It has four windows and two doors.

Advertised for $1.00. Our price for limited time, with the coupon **69c.**

Every home in village, city and country should have one. Come and get yours at once on mail your order. Mail orders 8c. extra.

FOR SALE AT

Wallace's Drug Store

Genuine BAYER
ASPIRIN
Say "Bayer Aspirin"
INSIST! Unless you see the "Bayer Cross" on tablets you are not getting the genuine Bayer Aspirin proved safe by millions and prescribed by physicians for 24 years.
Safe — Accept only a Bayer package
which contains proven directions
Handy "Bayer" boxes of 12 tablets
Also bottles of 24 and 100—Druggists
Aspirin is the trade mark (registered in Canada) of Bayer Manufacture of Monoaceticacidester of Salicylicacid

NEWS TOPICS OF WEEK

Important Events Which Have Occurred During the Week.

The Busy World's Happenings Carefully Compiled and Put Into Handy and Attractive Shape for Perusal by the Readers of Our Paper.

TUESDAY.

Alberta passes Church Union Bill. MacDonald says Berlin must disarm.

Toronto Leafs defeat Waterbury 1 to 0.

Huddersfield and Cardiff City play soulless game.

Soldier settlers do well on Indian Reserve in Alberta.

E. C. Egan, builder of Crow's Nest line, passes in Winnipeg.

Prices are weak and supplies abundant on British markets.

Fall wheat and clover in good shape throughout Ontario.

Stratford woman dies on eve of one hundred and first birthday.

U. S. Federal authorities find big liquor cache in private house.

Political convicts in Spanish prison attack warders, but failed to escape.

New York State will fight diversion of Michigan Lake water by Chicago.

Foot of snow falls in Alberta foothills, but seeding will not be delayed.

Redistribution Committee faced with big problem grouping Ontario seats.

U. S. Senate defeats amendment to continue gentleman's agreement with Japan.

What insulin is, Dr. Banting says, is not yet known. Hasn't been analyzed.

Anglo-Russian conference in London takes up question of relations and debts.

Restaurant keeper in Courtney, B.C., kills wife and customer, who interfered.

Germany accepts principle of Dawes report after conference of Federated States.

William Chuney, aged 70 years, found dead in home at Toronto, with dogs standing guard by his body.

Hon. Peter Smith, Provincial Ontario in the Farmer Government, arrested on a charge of conspiracy.

Rev. W. L. Lawrence, addresses Orange luncheon at Toronto gathering on "Religious Education in Public Schools."

Ferguson Government officially denies any member promised a referendum on O.T.A. if Conservative Government were returned.

WEDNESDAY.

Train on wrong track kills Lynden man.

Greece notifies world she is now a republic.

Eight inches of snow fell at Brandon, Man.

Labor Leader Gunn is Premier of South Australia.

Dr. Lasker wins international chess championship.

Lola Pirpo, Argentine boxer, declines $500,000 offer.

Three men were killed at Rome when airship breaks away.

Pilot rifle in Germany for restoration of Crown Prince to throne.

Labor Government in Britain fails to disclose any new policy for Ireland.

Germany sends formal acceptance of experts report on basis for negotiation.

Elias Weber, of Toronto, collapses and dies when about to start his automobile.

Annual meetings of Ontario Safety League and Canadian National Safety League.

U. S. Senate passes without record vote exclusion measure against Japanese.

Plant of Malt Products Co., Guelph, is burned to ground; loss $140,000.

Battle over grain averages commences before Exchequer Court at Fort William.

John Bezan, Trenton, was killed when C.N.R. train hits truck on Kingston road, Scarboro.

Two Chinese clerks were arrested at Toronto on a charge of stealing $5,000 from Chinese merchants.

Lady Tilley, wife of Sir Henry Pellatt, died at Toronto. She was honorary commissioner of the Girl Guides of Canada.

THURSDAY.

Britain ratifies Lausanne treaty.

Dr. E.-C. Levine, Montreal specialist, is dead.

Norway entry for Olympic summer games is reported.

Salem, Ohio, is bankrupt, owing to taxes not being paid.

House adjourns; will re-assemble Thursday, April 24th.

German acceptance of experts' report is frank and assuring.

United States Senate reaffirms attitude on Japanese exclusion.

British aviators resume flight around world; reach Athens.

Premier MacDonald is eager to cut armaments of all descriptions.

Canadian Canoe Association regatta to be held at Gananoque.

Northwestern Ontario, Manitoba and Saskatchewan in grip of storm.

Parliament approves $500 exemption of children under 18 years of age.

Farmer's son burned to death in Greenoch in attempt to save furniture.

Toronto Leafs open International League season with 8—2 win at Newark.

President Beatty urges more energetic immigration policy, in speech at Windsor.

Hydro-electric development at Niplgon to have 60,000 h.p. available this summer.

Canadian National Railways System to make large additions to its motive power.

Royal Commission probing conditions in Home Bank affairs holds first sitting at Ottawa.

Great Lakes States oppose Chicago's demand for increased volume of Lake Michigan water.

Montreal judge scolds Minister of Justice for lifting lashes from youth, sentenced for robbing lady.

Shoe manufacturers' delegation at Ottawa urges protection against European countries with depreciated currency.

Mrs. Alexander McBride, Caledon East, beaten unconscious with a club and youth named St. John is arrested as alleged assailant.

FRIDAY.

Toronto Leafs win again at Newark, 8—5.

Canada leads in export of wheat to Britain.

Everett Scott plays 1,142 consecutive game.

A new Government has been formed in Iceland.

New York Kilties lose second game in three starts.

First session of sixteenth Legislature prorogued.

Chess masters' tournament at New York comes to end.

Two more Americans have been murdered in Mexico.

Labor in Britain is determined to drop McKenna duties.

C. W. Robinson, of Moncton, is killed for the Steeves.

Communists of Canada holding convention at Toronto.

Germany prepares at call of Junkers for war on France.

North Bay dentist burned out for second time in one week.

United States passes immigration bill based on 1890 census.

King George will open British Empire Exhibition on Wednesday.

Church Union Bill passed in New Brunswick without amendment.

Shooting affray at end of T. & N. O. steel leads to arrest in Cobalt.

Rev. Henry Drayton was decided by reports he got from Home Bank chief.

Rumor reports Canada's only woman M.P. about to venture on matrimony.

Germany told by Reparation Commission to get up speed on experts' report.

Countess Stephanie Lonyay, after a life-time of trouble, becomes insane.

Unidentified business man flogged on Montreal street by small man who makes escape.

SATURDAY.

Chicago White Sox lead American League.

Cuthbert of Guelph wins modified marathon.

O.A.L.A. decides to withdraw from amateur Union.

London Jail Governor pays fine of missing prisoner.

Three lives were lost in a fire at Brookerville, Quebec.

Alex. Russell, aged 98, a pioneer of London, Ont., dies.

Rev. Ontario boxers seek Canadian amateur championship.

Effort made in Britain to abolish laws against blasphemy.

Forest fires celebrate Year's municipal election of 1924.

Huge drug seizure made on Blue Funnel liner in Vancouver Harbor.

Raid by Chicago military district on lake water likely to be refused.

Poland gives concession of 500,000 acres of virgin forest to British firm.

Jewish people celebrate Feast of Passover according to ancient custom.

Schooner Maid of France, which was given up as lost, arrives at Halifax.

Game scheduled between and Leafs and Newark postponed on account of rain.

Senate of United States refuses to pass clause to restrict entry of Canadians.

Head of Russian mission denies story of "Red" propaganda in baggage.

Immigration measure passed by United States Senate similar to that adopted by House.

Discrepancies against Canadian Atlantic freight removed by Imperial Shipping Commission.

Seven hundred motorists are held at Arizona frontier to prevent spread of foot and mouth disease.

Eight-months-old baby crawls into oven of store in St. Joseph de Beauce, Que., and is roasted to death.

MONDAY.

Clarence Demar wins Boston marathon.

Ypres memorial service held at Ottawa.

Sterling in Toronto, $4.46⅝; New York, $4.38⅝.

Leon Trotsky again in limelight in Russian politics.

New York Americans lose fourth consecutive game.

Toronto Irish beat Christie-Brown soccer team 3 to 2.

Toronto police arrest a man on a ten-year-old warrant.

Greece unveils Newark Saturday, and win from Jersey City Sunday.

Firemen imperilled in Windsor blaze, which does $40,000 damage.

Grey County bridge crashes, and three motorists have narrow escape.

Japan's Minister at Washington disclaims intention of giving offence.

Eastern delegate brought to Paris unprecedented numbers of foreign visitors.

Immigrants from Continental Europe to number of 600 arrive in Toronto.

Impressive unveiling of memorial to Hamilton artillerymen who fell in the war.

Fifty-seven Chinamen were arrested in Toronto on Sunday on a charge of gambling.

Bond Street Congregational Church, Toronto, celebrates its seventy-fifth anniversary.

British Labor Premier wants reparation experts' report carried into effect without change.

Quantities of gasoline in sewer believed to be responsible for explosion at Welland on Friday.

Indian at Sarnia tries to club pastor. He objected to the removal of the building on the Reserve to make way for the Dominion Alloy Steel Corporation.

BALKAN PEACE SECURED

This Is Likely If Present Negotiations Succeed

Bulgarian Minister Says Roumanian Agreement Will be Signed in Two or Three Days—Agreement With Jugo-Slavia Working Out Well—Greek Prospects Good.

SOFIA, Bulgaria, April 21.—"If the negotiations recently concluded or now approaching conclusion are successful, the danger of war will be averted in the Balkans for many years," declared Foreign Minister Kalloff to-day.

"The latest of these agreements, that with Roumania, will be signed in two or three days. The preliminary agreement already signed provides for joint action to prevent incursion across the Roumanian frontier, with two mixed commissions situated in the market agreement covering all points of possible dispute, including payment by Bulgaria for the war seizures, is practically completed, only a few details remaining to be settled.

"The agreement with Jugo-Slavia is working out well. The situation between the two countries is considerably eased.

"The negotiations of the mixed commission regarding Greece are proceeding with excellent prospects of early agreement. The chief difficulty there is the question of repatriating and re-establishing the refugees, but that does not appear insuperable, as only refugees of Bulgaria or Greek nationality are involved.

"We look forward to the time when the Balkan states shall co-operate instead of disagree," the Foreign Minister continued. "A defeated country can only destroy, thus incurring the sympathy of the great powers, which is indispensable to the resumption of our normal national life.

"Our agreement to pay the occupational expenses removed the last big impediment. The payments are minor questions remain, the principal of which are covered in a new agreement. As payment for our share of the expenses incurred, a strip of territory was turned over by Turkey to us, but in view of the other and far heavier obligations we shouldered this may be considered negligible.

"The last agreement with the great powers was largely due to the patient efforts of the British Commissioner, Sir Elliott Colvin. We deeply regret his coming departure."

ARE MORE FRIENDLY

Soldiers Sent to Repair Plane on Unoccupied Territory.

DUSSELDORF, April 21.—A semi-official note, emanating from French headquarters, was issued through the Havas Agency, the French official news agency, to-day, stating that it bears evidence of more friendly relations between the Germans and the French in the vicinity of the occupied area.

"On April 14 a German military plane was forced to land near Ostenbrucke, outside the occupied zone. The aviators made a slight error, for their machine was damaged.

"After obtaining permission from the German authorities, French soldiers guarded the 12th aviation regiment, under command of a French officer, proceeded to the non-occupied territory and repaired the plane, which has now safely returned to Dusseldorf.

"The attitude of the German authorities, as well as that of the German population toward the French regiment, under command of a French officer, proceeded to the non-occupied territory and repaired the plane, which has now safely returned to Dusseldorf.

"The attitude of the German authorities, as well as that of the German population toward the French aviators and the soldiers sent to repair the plane, has been most correct."

TWENTY PERISH IN FIRE

Explosion In Chicago Wrecks Four-Storey Structure.

CHICAGO, April 21.—Nine firemen and one policeman are known to be dead and many others are badly injured in a spectacular fire and the crash of a four-storey building Friday night. Others are missing, and the total is expected to go as some of the injured will not recover.

A huge brick wall, four stories high, bulged outward by a terrific explosion, crashed down, burying men and apparatus beneath tons of debris, on Blue Island avenue, near Fourteenth street.

The fire, in part of old Curran Hall, a landmark on the Southwest Side for many years, collapsed without warning, and before any one of the firemen fighting the flames was given a chance to leap to safety.

More than twenty firemen were mounted upon the city's new steel water tower, erected in the centre of the burning structure, when it crumpled up like so much paper beneath the tons of brick that rained down upon it.

Arizona Blockade.

YUMA, April 21.—The Arizona foot and mouth blockade on the Arizona-California state line was established again to-day. The disinfecting station was shut and on orders from the state quarantine officer, automobile traffic was barred from the state, entering from the west.

The situation here is as it was a week ago when southbound automobiles began to pile up behind the blockade, although reports from Knob Siding, fourteen miles on the west of the Colorado river said no new arrivals had registered there.

Burglar Sentenced to Fourteen Years.

GALT, Ont., April 21.—Charles Weir, 28, pleading guilty to 15 out of 16 charges of house burglary in Galt and three charges of a similar nature in Preston, was Saturday sentenced by Magistrate Blake to 14 years in Kingston Penitentiary. He is also wanted on similar charges in London, Guelph and Kitchener, and will now go on trial in the latter place. He is matched his loot ran into thousands of dollars, he having secured $525 from one place in Preston.

Weir was the busiest burglar Galt has had in a long time. His wife and two children were in court when he received the sentence.

Flier Reaches Bagdad.

BAGDAD, April 21.—Stuart MacLaren, in the British round-the-world plane, arrived here at 5.30 last night, completing a non-stop flight from Ziza, Palestine, a distance of some 600 miles, in eight hours.

MAGIC BAKING POWDER
Magic Baking Powder is scientifically made and has never failed to give the maximum leavening efficiency. Because of this and the uniformly satisfactory results obtained by its use we recommend it as Canada's perfect baking powder
PRODUCT OF CANADA
MAGIC BAKING POWDER
CONTENTS NET WEIGHT

THE MARKETS

TORONTO MARKET.

Manitoba Wheat—No. 1 Northern, $1.09½.

Manitoba Oats—No. 2 C. W., 42¾c; No. 1 feed, 41½c.

All above c.i.f. bay ports.

Screenings—Subject to guaranteed, f.o.b. bay ports, per ton, $20.50.

American Corn—No. 2 yellow, 88½c, Ontario Oats—No. 2 white, 39c to 41c, according to freights outside.

Ontario Wheat—No. 2 winter, per car lot, No. 1 to $1.02, f.o.b. shipping points, according to freights.

Peas—No. 2, $1.45 to $1.50, according to freights outside.

Barley—Malting, 65c to 70c, according to freights outside.

Buckwheat—No. 2, 76c to 80c, according to freight outside.

Rye—No. 2, 74c to 75c, according to freights outside.

Manitoba Flour—First patent, $6, Toronto; second patent, $5.50, Toronto.

Ontario Flour—Ex. war patent, $4.60 in jute bags, Montreal, prompt shipment, do, $4.50 in jute bags, Toronto, prompt shipment, do, $4.40 in bulk, seaboard, prompt shipment.

Milfeed—Carlots, delivered, Montreal freights, bags included; Bran, per ton, $25; shorts, per ton, $27; middlings, per ton $34; good feed flour, per bag, $1.95.

CATTLE MARKETS

TORONTO LIVE STOCK.

TORONTO, April 21.—Slight advances in prices was in evidence last week at the Union Stock Yards for farmers who held back and finished their cattle for the Easter trade. Prices, however, were hardly higher than the previous week, and when compared with a year ago were a little better. Early in the week values moved up 25c a hundred, and although trading became somewhat draggy before Thursday, the gain was retained. The supplies for the holiday trade were not overly heavy, and on the whole, were a little under expectations.

From $7.50 to $8 a hundred was paid for the bulk of the heavy steers taken for export. Packers and butchers paid from $7 to $7.50 for choice handyweight steers, with one lot bringing $8 a hundred. Trade in cattle was dull during the week below $6. Prices paid for this class, as a rule, were a little lower, due, to export buying, but the demand was easier. Sales were made from $4.50 to $5.50 a hundred.

The bulk of the receipts in the sheep and lamb market were of good handyweight and prices paid for these held unchanged. Quotations were unsteady. Prices paid for lambs weighing around 90 to 95 pounds ranged from $12 to $14 each, while lighter lambs were not low as $8 each. A few yearling lambs were marketed at from $10 to $11 a hundred.

The hog market remained unchanged all week. Sales were generally at $7.75, fed and watered, or from $7.50 to $7.75, off cars.

Heavy supplies of calves, mostly from Quebec points, were received this week. Fairly steady prices were paid for choice veals, with trading made over the week, due to export buying, but the demand was easier. Sales were made from $4.50 to $5.50 a hundred.

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Live stock receipts for Monday's market were: Cattle, 1,141; calves, 360; hogs, 2,051; sheep, 77.

BUFFALO LIVE STOCK.

BUFFALO, April 21.—Cattle—Receipts, 175; slow and steady.

Calves—Receipts, 200; active and unchanged.

Hogs—Receipts, 2,400; slow, 5c to 10c higher; heavy, $8.10 to $8.15; yorkers, $8.15 to $8; light yorkers, $7 to $7.50; pigs, $7.50 to $7.75; roughs, $6.50 to $6.75; stags, $4 to $5.

Sheep and Lambs—Receipts, 800; active; wool lambs, $10 to $16.90; clipped lambs, $7 to $14.75; yearlings, $8 to $12; clipped, $7 to $10; wool sheep, $12 to $16.50; mixed sheep, $10.50 to $11.

CHICAGO LIVE STOCK.

CHICAGO, April 21.—Cattle — Receipts, 200; for week, choice beef steers and heifers, strong; others, steady; other beef steers and light beef heifers, 25c to 40c lower; in-between yearlings, 50c to 75c lower; fat yearlings, showing most decline, extreme top $14.75; bulk, $13.50 to $14.50 for the season; best yearlings, $11.50; bulls, 10c to 15c lower; bulk, $5.50 to $6.50; cows and feeders, 25c higher; bulk choice, follow; best steers and yearlings, $8.50 to $8.75; bulk, $7.25 to $8.25; top, $8.25 to $7.75; fat she-stock, $5.50 to $8.25; canners and cutters, $3.50 to $4.50; veal calves, $8 to $9.50.

Sheep—Receipts, 1,000; steady; few choice clipped lambs, $14.35; steady; for week around 7,000 direct; bulk, $13.50 to $14.25; choice fat ewes, 50c lower; sheep, 50c to 75c lower; bulk, $6.50; top lambs, $16.50 to $16.75; spring lambs, $21; few choice wethers, $12.75; few ewes, $10.50 to $11.75; clipped lambs, $11 to $14.50; clipped ewes, $9.75 to $10.25.

Hogs—Receipts, 5,000; slow, mostly steady; bulk good and choice 240 to 310-lb. butchers, $7.50 to $7.60; top, $7.65; bulk 170 to 210-lb. weights, $7.25 to $7.65; few choice 200 to 200-lb. averages, $7.60; bulk of packing sows, $6.60 to $6.90; killing pigs, slow, mostly steady; bulk desirable strong weight, $6 to $6.35; estimated holdover, 6,000.

Bobbed-Hair Bandit Captured.

JACKSONVILLE, Fla., April 21.—A woman believed to be Brooklyn's bobbed-haired bandit, for whom she said he was her husband, were arrested here at one o'clock this morning by two New York detectives. They were apprehended as Cecilia Cooney, aged 20, and the man was booked as Edward Cooney, 25.

The officers said they were confronted by a automatic pistol in the hands of the woman and two revolvers held by the man; when they broke down the door in a rooming house in which the couple was staying.

The couple was booked on charges of suspicion. According to the police, they are wanted in New York on seventeen charges of holding up establishments and with assault with intent to murder in connection with the shooting of Nathan Mezzia, at the Brooklyn plant of the National Biscuit Company on April 1.

Held Up Bronx Card Party.

NEW YORK, April 21.—Five natilly-dressed young men walked into the back room of a Bronx saloon late Sunday night and held up forty card players, robbed them of money and jewelry totaling $12,000 and escaped in a motor car which they found at the curb. The car was the property of one of the card players.

Four customers who entered the store to purchase tobacco also were robbed.

Earth Tremors Felt in England.

LONDON, April 21.—Earth tremors were again felt in the Alfreton district of Derbyshire early after midnight, according to mining towns of South Normanton and Pinxton experienced the greatest shocks. The quakes were similar to bomb explosions and several chimneys were thrown down.

Co-operation Will Win.

"Competition is no longer the life of trade but co-operation is the assurance of success. There are three forces leading us to bigger things and they must co-operate. One is finance and the others are labor and the farmer. The farmer has been independent and an individually and competed with one another. There must be co-operation for sales, for purchases and for production. We must standardize our products so the buyer will know what he is to get."—Peter G. Ten Eyck before Oneida County Farm Bureau.

PREMIER AS A BOY.

Man Who Taught Him Was a Conservative.

A thrill of pride, tinged with bitterness, is felt by J. W. Connor, of 139 High street London, Ont., every time he sees that the present Prime Minister of Canada is William Lyon Mackenzie King; pride because he helped lay the ground work and some part of the superstructure of the education which fitted the boy King for his rise to statesmanship, and bitterness because fate didn't see fit to make him a Conservative. For while Right Hon. W. L. M. King is a Liberal Premier, his former teacher is strongly inclined on the other side of the political line.

Mr. Connor who is now 80 years old and retired, taught young King in the old Berlin High School, beginning in 1887, and fitted him for college in a year less than the prescribed time. A record book which Mr. Connor cherishes contains the following entry:

"King, William L. Mackenzie. English literature, history, science, English, history and modern languages. Latin and mathematics, fair."

"I recall," said Mr. Connor, "one of the smartest jokes made a complaint against King and a boon companion of his named Quirnbach. They were sent to my office for discipline, having been advised in the meantime to apologize. Quirnbach refused, but King could take advise then as now. He apologized with such eloquence that I let both of them off.

"Another time young King and Byron Stauffer played hookey to attend a nomination meeting. On this occasion I tried to make the punishment serve a double purpose, although I also told young King I would have no objection to permission to attend the meeting. I set both of them the task of writing a report of the speech they heard which they considered the best. King wrote a good summary of his own father's address, and later declared it with telling effect to a group of fellow-students in the laboratory."

Mr. Connor preserves names and records of all the pupils he taught at Berlin, and a copy of the book shows a big percentage of them to be more or less famous now.

Sir Lomer Gouin Retires.

Hon. Sir Lomer Gouin, K.C.M.G., who has just resigned the position of Minister of Justice in the Cabinet of Right Hon. W. L. Mackenzie King, has had a notable career.

Starting his public life as an alderman for the City of Montreal, he was later elected to the Quebec Legislature at the general election in 1897, and was re-elected at every subsequent election until 1919, on three occasions being returned by acclamations. He was Minister of Public Works in the Ministry of Hon. S. L. Parent, but resigned on November 19, 1904, and on March 20, 1905, he was called upon to form a Government on the resignation of Mr. Parent. He took to himself the office of Attorney-General, which he resigned until August 15, 1919. He resigned the Premiership and his seat in the Assembly on July 8, 1920. A few days later he was appointed to the Legislative Council, but he never took his seat.

During his Premiership, many important measures were carried through the Legislature, including the acquisition of Ungava to the oldest portion of the province, the building of technical schools in Montreal, Quebec and other parts of the province, the Good Roads Act, and the stabilization of the finances of the province.

Sir Lomer was first elected to the House of Commons at the general election in 1908, and on the formation of the Cabinet of the Right Hon. W. L. Mackenzie King, he was appointed Minister of Justice. He attended the Imperial Conference of the League of Nations last summer as representative of Canada, and subsequently took part on behalf of the Dominion in Imperial and Economic Conferences in London.

Sir Lomer was born at Grondines, Que., on July 30, 1861, the son of N. Gouin, M.D. He received his education at Sorel and Levis, and was called to the Bar in 1885. He was a former partner of the late Hon. Honore, Mercier, whose daughter he married in 1888. He received the honor of knighthood at the hands of the King at Windsor Castle, on the Jubilee tercentenary celebration, and was created K.C.M.G., in 1913.

Vancouver, a Great Port.

There was derisive laughter not long ago when some Vancouver "booster" asserted that within a short time that city would do as much deep-sea shipping as Montreal, and would in all probability become the greatest port on the Pacific Coast of North America. Nobody is laughing now. With enlarged and greater elevator and warehousing facilities, Vancouver handled 24,663,000 bushels of grain in 1923, almost four million bushels more than Seattle and Portland combined.

The deep-sea vessels entered at Montreal during the year were 892, of 2,221,781 tons, and Vancouver's 837 vessels, of 2,804,883 tons, and at San Francisco, 662 vessels, of 2,245,274 tons. Vancouver was behind Montreal in the tonnage of cargo handled in and out, the American port having 3,072,000 tons, and the Canadian 2,371,000.

Flour and Vancouver will easily lead. The American figures given are for the shipping year, ending June 30, 1923, and the Canadian for the calendar year ending December 31, 1923. The extraordinary increase of grain, flour, lumber and lead shipments out of Vancouver to Europe and the Orient will give it a marked lead over San Francisco during 1924. Deep-sea sailings from Vancouver will probably be at least three a day, and, three times for every working day of the year. Recent visitors to Vancouver say development is proceeding along lines that will assure its position as one of the greatest ports of the Pacific.

C. U. Dye.

In a small-town in Georgia a sign over a frame shack reads, C. U. DYE, undertaker.

Keen Trading.

A Scotsman was asked by a friend whom he met in a tobacco shop if he would have a cigar. "Yes," said the Scotsman. The friend asked for two three-penny cigars, paid for them, and left the shop. "Only lend me 2ve a shilling, don't you?" the Scotsman inquired. "Yes," replied the shipman. "Well," said the Scotsman, producing sixpence, "give me the other three!"

NOTICE
3 Weeks Clearing Sale
Whole Feed Corn...$1.75 per cwt.
Whole Barley.....$1.75 per cwt.
Whole Rye.....$2.00 per cwt.
Whole Buckwheat..$2.00 per cwt.
Whole Oats.....$1.70 per cwt.
Seed Peas.....$2.00 per bus.
100 bags Timothy Seed from $5.00 bus. up
100 bags Red Clover Seed from $8.00 bus. up
100 bags Alsike Clover Seed from $5.00 bus. up
25 bags Alfalfa Clover Seed from $13.50 bus. up
25 bags Sweet Clover Seed from $7.00 bus. up
All kinds Mill Feeds—Bran $1.50 ; Shorts $1.60 ; Flour $3.40.
Frost Fencing and Gates—prices to compete with the world.
Also Bale Ties.
Am open to buy any quantity of Hay, Grain or Straw.
Be sure and see me before you buy or sell.
One good House to Rent.
FRED. A. PERRY,
Dundas Street,
NAPANEE, ONTARIO.
Opposite Campbell House.

BLIZZARD ON ATLANTIC

Nova Scotia, New Brunswick and Newfoundland Feel It.

HALIFAX, N.S., April 21.—Halifax had a white Easter, the surface being covered with four or five inches of snow yesterday, following a blizzard that raged Saturday afternoon and night, which, while not causing any loss of importance, made a curtailed pre-Easter shopping and made street traffic very difficult. The vigor of the storm was especially felt by the waterfront, several ocean liners being delayed for hours on account of the blinding snow and high seas. The Swift-American liner Kingshorne remained at quarantine from Saturday afternoon till Sunday morning, while the Cunard liner Scythia was held off the harbor for over twenty-four hours.

Storm at St. John.

ST. JOHN, N.B., April 21.—A snow storm of unusual proportions for April swept New Brunswick from the Bay of Fundy to the borders of Quebec, Saturday and Sunday.

In Teeth of Big Blizzard.

ST. JOHN'S, Nfld., April 21.—A blizzard was raging here Sunday, but on the heels of a heavy snowstorm Friday night, which impeded travel and blocked railroad traffic.

CLAUDE MACDONELL DEAD

Active Career as Barrister, Writer and Legislator Ends in 63rd Year.

TORONTO, April 21. — Several months of gradually failing health terminated this afternoon in the death of A. Claude Macdonell, K.C., D.C.L., veteran Toronto lawyer, legislator and publicist. Mr. Macdonell suffered from active participation in his law work about four years ago.

Toronto was the late Mr. Macdonell's native city. A son of Archibald Duncan and Rosalie (de la Haye) Macdonell, he was born June 23, 1861.

Mr. Macdonell held membership in many well-known institutions. He was a member of the Albany Club, the Royal Canadian Yacht Club, the Toronto Hunt Club, the Toronto Rowing Club and the Rideau Club (Ottawa). He was a Roman catholic in religion and a Conservative in politics.

He was never married. Of his immediate family one brother, Senator A. H. Macdonell, and three sisters—Miss Marie Macdonell, Mrs. Henrietta German and Rev. Mother Helen, survive him.

VIRTUALLY STARVED

Canadian Held by Mexicans Ill-used Until He Escaped.

MONTREAL, April 21.—According to letters to friends here of George Cartwright, Canadian engineer, who was held prisoner for a considerable period by Mexican bandits, stories of Mr. Mackenzie's good treatment were unfounded and wholly exaggerated. During the six weeks that he was in their hands, he never saw the inside of a house, or tasted nourishing food. He was compelled under the guard of nine men, and travelled with them all over the country, from camp to camp, through mountain passes and over desolate, hot, wasted plains. For six days at one time, he had nothing but a little cracked corn to eat, and it was largely owing to the state of health in his body for the long marches.

When conditions became unbearable he decided to make a break for it. For days he collected little pieces of dried meat and tortilla, carefully concealing them from his guards, and then he began to watch for his chance. With only a pocket knife, he started out for a little walk by himself. And he kept on walking, never stopping for rest or sleep. After days, he at last arrived at Rosario, where the conductor of a train recognized him and took him aboard.

Trotsky Re-enters Public Life.

MOSCOW, April 21.—After an absence of nearly six months from all participation in Soviet affairs, Leon Trotsky, Soviet War Lord, again has re-entered public life with an energetic and aggressive spirit which has surprised his friends who are aware of his frail health. He has addressed numerous political meetings at Tiflis, Baku, Kharkov and elsewhere, and Sunday he spoke before a congress of physical culture instructors, emphasizing the need of higher physical development of the red troops so as to enable them to combat the armies of the bourgeois countries more effectively.

Trotsky is now preparing to take an active part in the Communist Party Congress in May and the convention of the third internationale in the middle of June. He has just completed a book on Nikolai Lenin, the late Premier, in which he extols the Soviet leader for his remarkable prophecy of an undying revolutionary spirit and unceasing struggle against the capitalistic system.

A "Want Adv." in The Napanee Express will bring results. Try it.

Roland Yorke

By MRS. HENRY WOOD

AUTHOR OF

"East Lynne," "Verner's Pride," "The Channings," "Lord Oakburn's Daughters," Etc.

"It is some few weeks ago now that Mrs. Jones gave me a hitchkey," resumed Mr. Olivera. "In fact, I asked her for it. This evening, upon letting myself in with it about teatime, I found the passage in darkness; the girl, I supposed, had delayed to light the lamp. My movements are not noisy at any time, as you know, and I went groping on in silence, feeling my way; not from any wish to be stealthy—such a thought never entered my head—but because Mr. Roland Yorke is given to leave all kinds of articles about and I was afraid of stumbling over something. I was looking for the table at the end of the passage, on which matches are generally kept; sometimes a chamber-candle. Feeling for these, I heard a voice in Mrs. Jones' parlor that I have not heard many times in my life, but nevertheless I knew it instantly—Butterby's, the detective."

"Butterby's!" exclaimed Mr. Greatorex. "I did not know he was in London."

"Uncle! It was Alletha Rye's voice that answered him. Her voice and no other's, disguisedwith agitation though it was. I heard her say that it was herself who killed my brother; that Godfrey Pitman had never raised a hand against him."

"You really heard her say this, William?" breathed Mr. Greaforex.

"It is true as that I am a living man. That she confessed to the office must have been accusing Godfrey Pitman of the crime. I heard the man's surprised answer, "You, Miss Rye!'

I heard her again reiterate her self-accusing avowal. Yes, I, she said, I, Alletha Rye, not Godfrey Pitman.' I heard her go on to tell Butterby that he might do his best and his worst."

Mr. Greatorex sat like one bereft of motion. "This confounds me, William," he presently said.

"It confounded me," replied Mr. Olivera, nearly took my senses from me, for I'm sure I had no rational idea left. The first thought that came to me was, that I had better not see me there, or discover they had been overheard, until I had decided what my course should be. So I stepped silently up to my room, and the detective went away; and, close upon that, Mrs. Jones and the maid came in together."

"But how could you let me this yourself, William, I had not believed it."

"It is true as heaven's gospel," spoke the clergyman. "I sat a short while in my room, unable to decide what I ought to do, and then I came down here to tell you of it, uncle. It is very awful."

"Awful indeed. It should have been Alletha Rye, you mean?"

"Yes. I have been praying, seeking, working for this discovery ever since John died, and, now that it has come in this most sudden manner, it brings nothing but perplexity with it. Oh, poor helpless mortals that we are!" added the clergyman, clasping his hands. "Anybody but Alletha Rye; almost anybody; and I had not hesitated a moment. But I have lived under the same roof with her, in pleasant, friendly intercourse; I have preached to her on Sundays; I have given Christ's Holy Sacrament with my own hands; in a serious illness that she had, I used to go and pray by her bedside. Oh, Uncle Greatorex, I cannot see my way to my duty lies; I am torn with conflicting doubt!"

To the last words Mr. Olivers had a listener that he had not bargained for—Judge Kene. About to take his departure, the Judge had come in without ceremony to say good-night to Mr. Greatorex.

"Why, what is amiss?" he cried, noting the signs of agitation as well as the words.

And they told him; told him all; there was no reason why it should be kept from him; and Mr. Olivera begged for his counsel and advice. The Judge gave it, and most emphatically; deciding as a judge more than as a humane man—and Thomas Kene was that.

"You cannot hesitate, Olivera. This poor unhappy woman, Alletha Rye, must be brought to answer for her crime. Think of him, your brother, and my once dear friend, lying unavenged in his shameful grave! Humanity is a great and a good virtue, but John's memory must outweigh it."

"Yes, yes; I am thinking of him always," murmured the clergyman, his face lighting.

The initiative was taken by Mr. Greatorex. On the departure of the Judge and the clergyman, who went out together, Mr. Greatorex dropped a line to Scotland Yard. Butterby happened to be there, and answered it in person. Shortly and concisely Mr. Greatorex gave his orders.

"And I have no resource but to act upon them," coolly concluded the imperturable Butterby. "but I don't think the party was Alletha Rye."

"You don't!" exclaimed Mr. Greatorex.

"No, sir, I don't. Leastways, to my mind, there's grave reasons against it. The whole affair, from beginning to end, seems accompanied with nothing but doubts; and that's the blessed truth."

"I would like to ask you if Alletha Rye has or has not made a confession to you this evening, Mr. Butterby—to the effect that she was the one who killed Mr. Olivera?"

"If anybody was in the house but her—as she said—she's been talking," thought the detective. Confound them three for simpletons! They'd prate their necks away."

But Mr. Greatorex was looking at him, waiting for the answer.

"I was with Alletha Rye this evening; I went there for my own purposes, to see what I could get out of her; little suspecting she'd say what she did. But I don't believe her any the more for having said it. The fact is, Mr. Greatorex, that in this case there's wheels within wheels, almost more than in any I've ever had to do with. I can't yet disclose what they are, even to you; but I'm trying to work them round and make a pure job at into another."

"Do you know that Alletha Rye was not guilty?"

"No, sir, I do not."

"Very good. Lose no time. Get a warrant to apprehend Alletha Rye, and execute it. If you telegraph to Heronleigh at once, the warrant may be up, and she in custody before midday to-morrow."

No more dallying with the law or with fate now. Mr. Butterby went straight to the telegraph office, and sent a message to Helstonleigh. And Bede Greatorex went out to take part in an evening's gaiety with his wife, and came home to his rest, and rose the next morning to go about his occupation, unconscious of what the day was destined to bring forth.

CHAPTER XXXV.

Life's Sands Running On.

A cold, brisk air, with suspicion of a frost. It was a day or two previous to the one told of in the last two chapters, when Mr. Butterby was paying visits. It being convenient to Herondale to call upon the Channings first, we yielded him the precedence, and in consequence have to go back a little. The brightness of the afternoon was passing. In a large easy chair before the fire, sat Hamish Channing. Some papers lay on the table, work of various kinds; but, looking at Hamish, it almost seemed as though he had done with work for ever. A face less beautiful than Hamish Channing's might have appeared painfully thin: his, spite of its wasted aspect, had yet a wondrous charm. Nobody seemed certain of it yet—that he was dying. He bore up bravely; working still a little at times; but only when he felt sure that was beyond him. The doctors had not said there was no hope: his wife, though she might inwardly feel now it was, would not admit it. He sat at the head of his table yet; he was careful of his appearance as of yore. His smile was genial still; its loving words were cheerful, sometimes gay; his sweet kindliness to all around was more marked. He wore a coat of black velvet, and the same, across which his gold chain passed, with its drooping seal. The ring, formerly Mr. Channing's, no longer made before it to the little finger; it was worn on the second. His hair, carefully brushed as ever, looked like threads of dark gold in the sunlight. Certainly it could not be said that Hamish gave in to his illness. Whatever his complaint might be, the medical men did not call it by any name; there was a little cough, a strange want of tone and strength, a quick, continual, unseen wasting away. Whether Hamish had cherished visions of recovery for himself could not be known; most earnestly he had hoped for it. If only for the sake of his wife and child he desired to live; and existence itself, even in the midst of a great and crushing disappointment, is hard to resign. But the long days dawning on his mind, had shown itself to him fully at last, as it does in similar cases to most of us; whether Hamish's weakness had taken a stride, or whether it might be that he was temporarily feeling worse, a sadness, as of death itself, lay upon him this afternoon.

It had been a short life—as men count lives; he had not yet numbered two and thirty years. But for the awful disappointment that was drying its fibres away, he might say that it had been a supremely happy one. Perhaps he was, with the wife and sunny temperament of Hamish Channing, possessing the same Christian principles, could be otherwise than happy. He did not remember ever to have done ill wilfully to mortal man, in thought, word or deed. It had been done to him: but he forgave it. Nevertheless, a sense of injustice, a bitter pang of disappointment, of hopeless failure as to this world, lay on his heart, when he recalled what the past few months had brought him. Leaning there on his chair, his arm and eyes tracing figures in the fire, he was recalling things one by one. He remembered, as though it were to-day, the evening that first review met his eye—when he had been entertaining his brother-in-law, the Reverend William Yorke, and others—and the shock it gave him. Think of it when he would even now, it brought him a sensation of faintness. Older men have become paralysed from a similar shock. That first review had been so closely followed by others, equally unjust, equally cruel, that they all seemed as one blow. After that there appeared to be a short pause in his life, when time and events stood still, when he moved as one in a dream of misery, when all things around him were as dead, and he along with them. And then, as the days went on, bodily weakness supervened; and—there he was, dying. Dying! going surely to his God and Saviour; he felt that; out leaving his dear ones, wife and child, to the frowns of a hard world; alone, without suitable provision.

"Papa, shall I put on her blue frock or her green? She is going out for a walk."

The interruption came from Miss Nelly, who sat on the hearth-rug, dressing her doll. There was no reply, and Nelly looked up. She wore a blue frock herself; its sleeves and the white pinafore tied together with blue ribbon. Her pretty little feet in silver shoes and socks were stretched out, and her curls fell in a golden shower.

"Shall baby wear her blue frock or her green, papa? Papa, then! Which is prettiest?"

Hamish, aroused, looked down on the child with a smile. "The blue, I think; and then baby-doll will be like Nelly."

But Mrs. Channing, sewing at the window, turned her head, something in her husband's face or in his weary tone struck her.

"Do you feel worse, Hamish?"

"No, love. Not particularly."

Sadder yet, the voice; a kind of hopeless, weary sadness, depressing to hear. Ellen quitted her seat, and came to him.

"What is it?" she whispered.

"Not much, dear. The future has cleared itself. That's all."

"The future?"

"I cannot struggle any longer, Ellen. I have preached faith and patience to others, but they seem to have deserted me. I—I almost think the very strife itself is helping on the end."

Sharp though the pang was that pierced her breast, she would not show it. Miss Nelly chattered below, asking questions of her doll, and making believe to answer.

"The—end, Hamish!"

He took her hand, and looked straight in her face as she stood, beseeching herself that she had not, had been but a sickly, miserable pretence at cheating.

"But for leaving you and the little one, Ellen, there would be no grief," he whispered, bending his forehead rest for a moment on her arm. "It is a long while now that my dreams have been of that world to which we all journey—a long while every one of us must enter sooner or later. There will be no pain, or trouble, or weariness there."

"And all looking good, and does not spoil her new blue frock, she shall go out for a walk," was heard from the hearth-rug. Nelly put down the doll on the arm of the chair, and covered his face with his slender fingers.

"But when I think of my wife and child—and I am always thinking of them, Ellen,—when I realize the bitter truth that I must leave them, why then at times it seems as if my heart must break with the pain. Ellen, Ellen, my darling, I would not, even yet, have spoken, but that I know you must have been waiting for it."

"I could have borne any trouble better than this," she answered pressing his hands together.

"If will be softened to you, I am sure, Ellen. I am ever praying that it may."

"But——"

Visitors in the drawing-room: Mrs. Bede Greatorex and Miss Joliffe. A servant came to announce them. She had said that her mistress was at home, and Ellen had to go up. Hamish with the remaining strength lifted Miss Nelly on his knee, doll and all.

"Hush, papa, please! Baby is fatigued with making her toilet. She wants to go to sleep."

What would Nelly say if papa told her he also wanted to go to sleep?"

Miss Nelly lay back in papa's arms while she considered the question the doll hushed to rest.

"Why? Are you tired, papa?"

"A little weary, dear."

Then go to sleep. Doll shall be quiet."

"The sleep's not coming just yet, Nelly. And—when it does come—papa may not awake from it."

"Not ever, ever?" asked Nelly, opening her blue eyes in wonder, not taking in at all the true sense of the question.

"Not ever—here."

"The princess went into a sleep in my tale book, and lay on the bed with roses in her hair, and never, never, never, never, till the good old fairy came and touched her," said Miss Nelly.

There ensued a pause. Hamish Channing's lips quivered a little; but no one, save himself, could have guessed how every fibre of his heart was aching.

"Nelly," he resumed, his voice and manner alike gravely earnest, his eyes reading hers, "I want to give you a charge. Should papa have to go on a long journey, you would be all that mamma has left. Take you care, my child, to be ever dutiful to her; to be obedient to her slightest wish, and to love her with a double love."

"A long, long, journey?" demanded Miss Nelly.

"Very long."

"And when would you come back again to the house?"

"Not ever."

"Where would it be to, papa?"

"Heaven," he softly whispered.

Nelly rose in his arms, the blue eyes more wondering than before.

"But that would be to die!"

"And if it were?"

Down fell the doll unheeded. The child's fears were aroused. She threw her little arms about his neck.

"Oh, papa, papa, don't die! Don't die!"

"But if I must, Ellen?"

Only once in her whole life could she remember that he had called her by her true name, and that was when her grandpa died. She began to tremble.

"You would take care of me, papa?"

"God."

She hid her face upon his velvet waistcoat, strangely still.

"He would guide, and guard, and love you ever, Ellen. Loving Him, you would be His dear child always, and He would bring you in time to me. Look up, my dear one."

"Must you go the journey?"

"I fear so."

"Oh, papa!—and don't you care—don't you care for mamma and me, that you must leave us?"

"Care!"

He could say no more; the word seemed to put the finishing stroke to his breaking heart. A cry of anguish, patient and imploring, that the parting might be soothed to them all, went up aloft to his Father in Heaven. After dusk came on, when the visitors were got rid of (for Clare Joliffe had stayed an unconscionable time, taking over old interests at Helstonleigh), Mrs. Channing found her husband asleep in his chair. Closing the door softly on him, she sat down by the dining-room fire, and the long pent-up tears burst forth. Hamish Channing's wife was a brave woman; but there are griefs that go well nigh, when they fall, to shatter the bravest of us. Miss Nelly, captured ever so long ago by nurse, was at tea in the nursery. Roland Yorke surprised Mrs. Channing in the morrow. Roland never came into the house with a clatter now (at least when he thought of its master's sick bed); just with a softly decorous step. Down he sat in silence, on the opposite side of the hearth, and saw the tradition of Mrs. Channing's tears in the firelight.

"Is he worse?" asked Roland, when he had stared a little.

"No," she answered, scarcely making a pretence to conceal her grief. "I fear there will not be very much 'worse' in it at all, Roland; a little more weakness perhaps, and that will be all. I am afraid the end is very near. I fancy he thinks so."

Roland was hot and cold. [illegible] Mrs. Channing. Don't pity me—pity him. Do you mean—[illegible] going—to die?"

"Yes," and there is no more hope."

"My goodness!"—and Roland rubbed his hot and wool-stricken face. Bede Greatorex and Miss Joliffe. A servant came to announce them. She had said that her mistress was at home, and Ellen had to go up. Hamish with the remaining strength lifted Miss Nelly on his knee, doll and all.

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"Care!"

He could say no more; the word seemed to put the finishing stroke to his breaking heart. A cry of anguish, patient and imploring, that the parting might be soothed to them

Children Cry
FOR FLETCHER'S
CASTORIA

Crimean Veteran Praises "Fruit-a-tives"

MAJOR GEO. WALKER

Major George Walker, now a familiar figure in Chatham, Ontario, is one of the men who went through the terrible Indian Mutiny. As he says: "I am a veteran of the Crimean War and the Indian Mutiny, serving under Lord Roberts. Fierce hand-to-hand fighting and continual exposure left me a great sufferer from Rheumatism, so much so that my legs swelled up, making it impossible for me to walk. My bowels were so constipated that I was in terrible shape until I began to use 'Fruit-a-tives.' They relieved me both of the Rheumatism and the Constipation. Today, I enjoy perfect health—no more Rheumatism or Constipation."

And in another letter written December 1st, 1923 (eleven years after), Major Walker says: "Fruit-a-tives' are keeping me in the best of health and I shall never be without them."

"Fruit-a-tives" are the famous Fruit Treatment—intensified fruit juices combined with tonics—that make you well and keep you well. 25c and 50c—at all dealers or from Fruit-a-tives, Limited, Ottawa, Ont.

MOTHER! Fletcher's Castoria is a harmless Substitute for Castor Oil, Paregoric, Teething Drops and Soothing Syrups, prepared to relieve Infants in arms and Children all ages of

Constipation
Flatulency
Diarrhea

Wind Colic
To Sweeten Stomach
Regulate Bowels

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Proven directions on each package. Physicians everywhere recommend it.

[illegible] Sir Vincent Yorke, and his cousin Gerald. As soon as breakfast should be over, they were going out shooting; but the baronet was by no means one who liked to disturb his morning's comfort by starting at dawn, shooting, as well as everything else in life, he like to take easy. Gerald had arrived the previous night. It was the first time Gerald had been Sunny Mead; and the very unpretending rabbit's nook baronets' dwelling places, surprised him. Sir Vincent's marriage was fixed for the following month, January; and he gratified Gerald much by saying that the thought of asking him to be groomsman.

"Aw!—very happy — immensely so," responded Gerald with his most fashionable drawl.

"Sunny Mead has this advantage, one can come to it and be quiet," observed Sir Vincent. "Once a no room for more than three or four servants in it. My father used to call it the homestead; that's just what it is, and it doesn't pretend to be aught else. More coffee? Try that partridge pie. Have your seen Roland lately?"

The cynical expression of disparagement that pervaded Gerald's face at the question, made Sir Vincent smile.

"Aw—I say, don't you spoil my breakfast by bringing up him," spoke Gerald. "The best thing he can do is to go out to Port Natal again. A capital pie!"

"This devilled turkey's good, too. You'll try it presently?" spoke the baronet. "How is Hamish Channing?"

Gerald's skin turned of a dark hue. Was Sir Vincent purposely annoying him? Catching up his coffee-cup to take a long draught, he did not answer.

"I never saw so fine a fellow in all my life," resumed Sir Vincent. "Never was so taken with a face at first sight as with his. William Yorke was staying there at the time of my father's funeral, and I went next day to call. That's how I saw Channing. He promised to come and see me; but somebody told me the other day he was ill."

"Aw — yes," drawled Gerald. "Seedy, I believe."

"What's the matter with him?"

"Temper," said Gerald. "Wrote a book, and had some reviews upon it, and it put him out, I hear."

"I do. I had the information from a reliable source. By the way, is there anything in that story Roland Yorke is engaged to Channing's sister? or is it fancy?"

(To be continued.)

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E. J. POLLARD,
Editor and Proprietor.

PUBLISHED EVERY TUESDAY

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Wonders of the Body.

Many of the actions of the human body are automatic and performed in a manner independent of the human will. Pain may be felt in members which have been removed, such as a toothache in a toothless mouth. One man, for instance, was telling another, a heavily built man leaning on crutches because he had lost a leg in the war—how he had a friend who had lost his left arm, was left-handed. Whenever I hand anything to him, he said, "his left shoulder comes forward with its empty sleeve."

"Yes," answered the one-legged man, "I can believe that. The other night I had to get up to shut the window because the rain was pelting in; and when it was shut I stepped down on the leg that wasn't there, and fell on my back."

Have your doors and windows effectually protected for the winter. Purchase the weather stripping at DAVY & ALLISON'S and do the work yourself.

Gerald Yorke at a Shooting Party.

CHAPTER XXXVI.

"Now, are quite a stranger," Mrs. Channing was saying, meeting Gerald with a cordial hand and a grasp of welcome. "What has kept you away?"

"Aw—been busy of late; and—aw —worried," answered Gerald, according a distant nod to Roland. "What's this I hear about Hamish?—That he is dying!"

"Well I don't think you need blurt out that strong word to Mrs. Channing, Gerald," interposed her brother-in-law. "Dying, indeed! Do you call it manners?"

"I don't."

"Dear Mrs. Channing's pardon," Gerald was beginning, half sullenly but Ellen's voice rose to interrupt.

"It makes no difference, Roland," she kindly said. "It is the truth, you know; and I am not blind to it."

"What's the matter with him?" asked Gerald.

"The matter with him? Ellen Channings told the brief story in a few words. The cruel reviews had broken his heart.

"The reviews!" he exclaimed. "I don't understand you, Mrs. Channing."

"Of course you read them, Gerald, and must know their bitter, shameful injustice," she explained. "They were such that might have struck a fellow even to a strong man; they struck a fatal one to Hamish. He had staked his whole heart and hope upon the book; he made it worthy of all praise; and Ellen knew how and blasted it. A strong word may deem that, Gerald, for me to use; but it is a true one. They rose up, and—in envy, as I believe—set themselves to write and work out a deliberate lie: they got it sent forth to the world by all effectual channels, and killed the book. Perhaps they did not intend also to kill the writer."

Gerald's white face looked whiter than usual. His eyes, in their hard stare, were very ugly.

"Still I can't understand," he said. "Fatuitques were, of course, rather severe; but how can critiques kill a man?"

"And if you, being a reviewer yourself, could coolly get to find out who the false-hearted one was,—for it's thought to have been one fellow who penned the lot—would ordinary feeling for Roland 'd repay him, as I've seen it done at Port Natal. His bowling would be something fine."

"You do not yet entirely understand, I see, Gerald," sadly answered Ellen, paying no attention to Roland's interruption, while Gerald turned his eyes upon her. "It was no one sense the reviews did not kill. They did not, for instance, strike Hamish dead at once, or break his heart with a stroke. But I think you may think the expression, a broken heart, but a figure of speech; and in a degree it is so. But there are some natures and he is one, which are so sensitively organized that a cruel blow shatters them. I know Hamish as no one else does. When the blow came he had not the strength to rally from it; mind and body were alike stricken down, and so the weakness set in and laid hold of him."

"What are these natures good for?" decisively demanded Gerald, in a tone as if he were resenting some personal injury.

"Scarcely for earth," she answered. "The too-exquisitely-refined gold is not the gold for the world's coinage."

"I'd rather be a bit of brittle china, than made so that I couldn't stand a rough-and-tumble. I'm going to be there's not many such people."

"Only one in tens of thousands, Gerald."

"Does it—trouble him?" asked Geraid hesitatingly.

"The advance of death?—yes, in a degree, Gerald. Hamish is grieved, but the quitting me and Nelly."

"I am not yet what Hamish and Arthur are, safe to be heard up there to have a good word again; the fine, good, handsome man. I'd like to know why he couldn't, and what has killed him."

"The review have done it," said Ellen, in a low tone.

Roland groaned. A suspicion, that they must have had something to do with the decay, had been upon him-self.

"The cruel reviews broke his heart," resumed Mrs. Channing. "I am certain of it, Roland. A less sensitive man would not have felt it vitally; a man, physically stronger, would not have suffered in health. But he is sensitive among the most sensitive; and he never, with all his bright face and fine form, was physically strong. And so—he could not [illegible]

OF ROLAND YORKE 23, 1923

bear the blow, and it has killed him."

Roland sat pulling at his whiskers in desperate gloom. Mrs. Channing shaded her eyes with her hand.

"If I could but pitch into the reviewer!" he cried. "Wish I were rich. I'd offer a thousand pounds' reward to anybody who would bring me their names. Hang the lot! And if you were not by, Mrs. Channing, it's a worse words than that I'd say."

She shook her head. "Pitching into the reviewers, Roland, would not give him back his life. The publish-er thinks that one man wrote them all: or got them written. Some one who must have had a grudge against Hamish. It does not help life."

Roland's picture might have been taken as an emblem of despair. Suddenly the face brightened a little, the sanguine temperament resumed its sway.

"Don't you lose heart, Mrs. Channing. You take courage."

She smiled a little. "My taking courage would not help my husband, Roland."

"Well—no; perhaps it mightn't," acknowledge Roland, resuming his gloom. "Where is he?"

She pointed to the other room. "Asleep before the fire."

Roland softly opened the door and looked in. The firelight played on Hamish Channing's wasted features; and his dreams seemed to be of pleasant nature, for a smile sat on the delicate lips. Nevertheless, sleeping and dreaming peacefully, there was something in the face that spoke of coming death. And Roland could have burst into sobs as he stood there. Going back again, and closing the door quietly, Roland found the company augmented in the person of his brother Gerald. For some time past, Gerald Yorke had heard from one and another of Hamish Channing's increased illness, which made no impression upon him, except a slightly favorable one; for, if Hamish were incapacitated from writing, it would be a rival removed from Gerald's path. This afternoon he was told that Hamish was thought to be past recovery; in fact, dying. That did arouse him a little; the faint spark of conscience Gerald Yorke possessed took a twinge; and he [illegible] the house [illegible] drink it down.

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MARRIAGES IN EGYPT.

Many Brides Are Only Ten Years Old.

Egypt is a land of early marriages. Many of the brides are little more than ten years of age and very few are unmarried at sixteen.

Egyptian bachelors are rare, for public opinion considers it disreputable for a man to remain single once he has reached the marrying age.

The official ceremony is simplicity itself. It is performed before two witnesses by a nikr—that is, one who reads the Koran.

The husband never sees his wife-to-be before the wedding night, all matters, including that of the dowry, being arranged for him.

Where the bride is a woman who has not previously been married, there are great festivities, which, in the case of the upper classes, may last as long as eleven days and nights. These rejoicings are timed to end on the eve of either Friday or Monday.

The bride is then conveyed in procession to the bridegroom's house, accompanied by her female friends, musicians and entertainers.

The Mohammedan religion allows a man four wives, but the majority of Egyptians do not take advantage of it and are content with one.

Women are regarded as strictly inferior in households where the old customs are still in vogue. They do not sit in the presence of their lord, but attend him at his meals. The mother is the only woman who enjoys anything approaching equality, although true companionship between husband and wife exists in certain circumstances.

Divorce is an easy matter. The husband has but to say, "Thou are divorced," and when this is repeated three times the separation is complete and the dowry returned.

Egyptian men exhibit a great liking for European women. Not only do they believe that marriage with them heightens their prestige, but they also know that the white wife retains her beauty and charm much longer than the Egyptian, who is past her beauty at twenty.

The European woman by the act of marrying a Mohammedan is held to have embraced the Moslem faith and must be ready to accept the position of inferiority which women hold under that religion.

Touareg Women Fair.

The Touaregs who live in the Hoggar mountains in the Sahara are an interesting people. They live under large tents of skins; they are divided into nobles and commons, and their manual labor is performed by blacks, formerly slaves, but who were liberated when the French occupied the territory. The religion practised by the Touaregs is Islamic, but does not follow closely Islamic laws and customs. Women play a prominent role in the administration of the affairs of the country and home. Women are not veiled. Their skins are fair and they often have beautiful features. In marked contrast with strictly Mahometan communities, Touareg women are allowed to receive visitors in the absence of their husbands.

An Old Family Vault.

In the valley of Jehoshapai, sometimes called the Valley of the Kedron, between Jerusalem and the Mount of Olives, three chambers and a family vault were accidently discovered by an Arab while digging. The contents of the chambers and the vault contained nineteen ossuaries, and is inscribed with Hebrew characters. It is supposed to have belonged to a priestly family. The names Jeshebean, Imma, Shelomzion, Eliezer and Shimeon have been deciphered, together with epigraphical evidence to indicate that the vault dates from a late Biblical and Maccabean period.

Many farmers claim hat Higgins' White Hellebore (mixed 1 lb. with 3 lbs. of cement) makes a sure killer for lice on cattle. this brand for sale at WALLACE'S only.

WAS NOT DISMAYED.

Millionaire Bachelor Kisses Carnival Queens at Calgary.

Hon. R. B. Bennett, K.C., LL.D., millionaire bachelor, who is commonly looked upon as hopelessly confirmed in his state of single blessedness, has proved conclusively to a Calgary audience, that in the matter of paying tribute to beautiful young ladies he is the peer of any of the young bucks of the day.

Calgary was staging a winter carnival. Among the many attractions was the contest for carnival queen put on by the Kiwanis club of which Mr. Bennett is a member. Six beautiful young ladies had been chosen as queens respectively of England, Ireland, Scotland, the Maritime Provinces, Western Canada and Ontario. These six young ladies were introduced at the annual dinner-dance of the Kiwanis club by six prominent speakers, five of them lawyers and the sixth a newspaper editor. Then Mr. Bennett gave a summing up.

A reporter in writing the advance story said that, "these six speakers would each introduce a queen after which Mr. Bennett would give the summing up, embracing the whole six queens." The editor noticed the reference but passed it and Mr. Bennett was the subject of considerable good natured ragging as the result.

As the queens were introduced they were escorted to seats on the right or left of Mr. Bennett, and after making his speech he called the lady by embracing all six, not collectively but individually and bestowing at the same time on each a paternal kiss. This added much to the interest of the gathering and proved less to say, to the embarrassment of the blushing beauties. One of them remarked afterwards, what we have to go through in this contest is awful, but we have started so we must see it through."

6,000 Acres Planted.

Those who believe that the timber supply of Canada will be replenished by the planting of trees artificially will be surprised to learn from figures just issued by the Canadian Forestry Association that during the past five years Canadian citizens, through their own reforestation, have destroyed over 3,600,000 acres of merchantable timber growing on publicly owned land while in the whole Dominion only 6,000 acres have yet been planted artificially in forest trees. No figures could more graphically indicate the hopelessness of catching up with the forest fire loss in the Dominion by any program of reforestration. As if the Canadian people were not content to wipe out more than three hundred times as much merchantable timber by human-set fires an additional four million acres of young growth was also put out of existence by fire in the same period.

The replanting of timber trees, however, bids fair to show a higher ratio to forest fire losses in the future, particularly if those fire losses can be held to their present proportions. The province of Ontario has now in its provincial nurseries twenty million seedlings to be utilized in reforesting 10,000 acres of waste land in Old Ontario each year for at least six years. The forest nursery system established by the province of Quebec at Berthierville has distributed four million seedlings for private planting and has reclaimed more than three hundred acres of shifting sand by the use of trees from the nursery. This is but the beginning of the Quebec Forest Service program, which foresees as much as possible of the three million acres of waste land in the province. Quebec also has under consideration the establishment of communal forest.

First Mah-Jong Story.

There has just come to Toronto the story of the maid who went to the lady of the house and said she feared she would have to find another place. "But why?" her alarmed employer asked. "Because," the maid replied, "I fear your husband is losing his mind. I found him on his hands and knees in the living-room, and when I asked him what he was doing, he said he was looking for the East Wind."

SAVED HER FROM AN OPERATION

So Thinks Mrs. Tracey of Ontario, Regarding Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound

Knightington, Ontario.—"I took Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound at the change of life for troubles that women often have at that time. I had not been well for a year and was not really able to do my work. A friend who had taken the Vegetable Compound herself recommended it to me and I think it has saved me from an operation. I highly recommend it to all women who have troubles like mine, and am willing for you to use my testimonial."—Mrs. Daniel J. Tracey, Knightington, Ontario.

Some female troubles may through neglect reach a stage when an operation is necessary. But the more common ailments are not the surgical ones; they are caused by serious displacements, tumors or growths, although the symptoms may appear the same.

When disturbing symptoms first appear take Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound and relieve the present distress and prevent more serious troubles.

JACK MINOR

Gives an Interesting Lecture In Stald Old Boston.

"Show me the man who has forgotten that he was once a boy and I want to hurry on past,—that's all," said Jack Minor, the nature lover, of Kingsville, Ont., in a lecture in stald old Boston the other day. The quaint speech and human qualities of the man surprised and pleased the New Englanders, and the Boston Transcript, in its report, said:

"Uncle Jack Minor, of Kingsville, Ont., appeared at Tremont Temple this morning and told an audience of girls and boys—with others standing that's to include all of us, no matter what the shade of our hair is—how he helped by the strong right arm of Providence, in working to increase wild life, and particularly geese, of which he showed a number of slides and two reels of motion pictures, taken on his place.

"After a courtly salutation to the ladies, he plunged into autobiography. 'My parents were from Leicester, England, and I was born in Ohio, taken to Canada and liberated in Ontario. I'm just an English-Buckeye - Canadian-American. Any relation to old Bill Almer? No—nor to Jesse James. I was raised on the line of my father's right foot and educated ditching and cutting corn and splitting rails. My wife has been one great round of merriment —making great cheese. As a farm-hand I worked for Max Ogle—in a puddle to see if it would pay he'd shed his tail.'"

MAKING FARM CHEESE

The Manufacture of Cheese in the Home Diary.

Preparing the Milk — The Work of Coagulation—Cutting and Milling —A Home-Made Press — Care of Cheese—Co-operation Will Win.

(Contributed by Ontario Department of Agriculture, Toronto.)

For every nine or ten pounds of cheese required, use 100 pounds of milk (10 gallons). Take the fresh morning's milk and mix it with the night's milk in a vat, or some clean vessel suitable for holding milk. Heat the milk to 86 degrees Fahrenheit, by placing a clean can of hot water in it, or by setting the vessel containing the milk on the stove and stirring.

Coagulation.

Use one teaspoonful of rennet for every 25 pounds of milk. First dilute the rennet with a pint of cold water, and then mix it thoroughly for about three minutes.

Cover the vat until coagulation takes place, which will be in about twenty minutes, depending on the ripeness of the milk. When the curd breaks clean across the finger without any flakes remaining on it, it is ready to be cut.

Cutting.

For cutting, regular curd knives are best. Use the horizontal knife first cutting lengthwise of the vat, then cut both lengthwise and crosswise with the perpendicular knife. This gives small cubes of even size.

After the curd has been cut, it should be gently stirred with the hand, or with a small wooden rake for ten minutes before applying heat.

Heating.

Heat the curd 98 degrees Fahrenheit, taking about thirty minutes to do so. Continue stirring until the curd is ready for dipping, which is about two and one-half to three hours from the time the vat was set. When the curd becomes firm and springy and falls apart when a handful is pressed together, it is ready to have the whey removed.

After drawing off the whey stir the curd over once, then pile it together in one end of the vat and cover it with a heavy cotton cover. In about twenty minutes the curd will be well matted when it should be cut into blocks about four inches square. Turn the blocks about every twenty minutes until the curd comes flaky. This is usually about one and a half hours after dipping.

Milling.

Knife may be used in place of a curd mill. Cut the curd into strips about the thickness of your finger, stir well, and apply salt at the rate of one ounce for every five pounds of milk.

Sprinkle the salt over the curd, mix it thoroughly and when the salt is dissolved the curd will be ready to put in press at between 80 and 84 degrees.

The cheese hoop, or hoops, should be made of heavy tin with two handles on the outside. A suitable size for home use would be seven and eight inches in diameter and twelve or fourteen inches high.

Place a piece of cotton at the bottom of the hoop, as a temporary cap, then put the cheese cloth bandage inside the hoop. Carefully pack in the curd, fold over the end of the bandage, place on top a piece of cotton similar to the one at the bottom, put on wooden follower, and put to press.

A Home-Made Press.

If a press with a screw is not available, use a lever press. Take a piece of scantling ten or twelve feet long for a lever. Place the cheese hoop on a strong box about three feet from the wall. Nail to the wall a piece of scantling and under it put one end of the lever. Put a block of wood on top of the follower for the lever to rest on. A pail containing stones or iron may be used for the weight. Do not apply full pressure at first.

In three-quarters of an hour the cheese may be taken from the press, the bandages wet with hot water, pulled up smoothly and trimmed neatly, allowing one-half an inch to lap at the ends. Cover the ends with circles of stiffened cheese cloth, over that place a piece of cotton dipped in hot water. Return the cheese to the press until the following morning, when they should be turned in the hoops and pressure continued a few hours later. After removing the cheese from the press, place them in a cool, dry cellar to ripen.

After Care of Cheese.

Turn the cheese end for end on the shelf every day for a month and afterwards occasionally. These cheese will be ready for use in about six or eight weeks.

To prevent the cheese moulding, and to keep them from drying too much, they may be dipped in hot paraffine wax. Another method to prevent mould is to put a double cloth on the cheese until ready for use. The mould will be on the outer cloth, leaving the cheese clean when removed.—Dept. of Extension, O. A. College, Guelph.

Customs and Excise Receipts.

Customs and excise revenue of the Dominion was nearly forty million dollars greater in 1923 than in 1922. During the year total revenues derived from these sources amounted to $201,475,813 as compared with $262,377,468 in the calendar year 1922. The increase, therefore, was $39,092,345.

Examination of the figures which were made public by the Department of Customs and Excise shows that by far the greatest proportion of the increase was in excise tax collections, chiefly derived from the sales tax. From excise taxes, the Dominion derived a revenue of $126,684,825 during 1923, which was $32,341,607 more than in 1922, when the total collections were $94,343,218. Customs revenues amounted to $72,791,158 of the increase; the total revenue during 1923 amounting to $135,860,374, as compared with $130,121,416 in 1922.

The amount of $37,561,227 was derived from excise duties, as compared with $36,767,640 in 1922, or an increase of $793,587. Sundry collections from which $1,367,386 was received in 1923, were more than two hundred thousand dollars greater than in 1922.

A COW-GIRL

Says She Rode 800 Miles In Ten Days.

Little Blanche Garrison was city born. It was in Minneapolis, Minn., she first saw the light, and at Omaha, Neb., she learned her A.B.C.'s. When she was ten years old her parents came to Canada. The drive from the railway was forty-two miles in a lumber wagon over fire-swept Alberta prairie, where water was scarce. Being the eldest of the children, Blanche helped carry boards and nails while the barn was being built. All through a long winter the family lived in the barn.

"I remember," said Miss Garrison, "how the snow blew through the cracks of that barn, and how anxious we were about my little brother, who was sick with measles."

When a school was built four and a half miles from the Garrison home, Blanche made the journey on foot five days in the week. She had to get the cows in the morning before starting for school, and to do this she sometimes had to walk a distance of five miles.

In three and a half years the little Garrison girl did the work of seven school grades, the regular time required being seven years. During all this time she was her father's "main stay" on the farm. At the age of 12, during haying season in the school holidays, Blanche and her father stacked six loads of hay a day. She worked the horse rake, tramped and stowed away the hay on the wagon, and built the stack.

When Blanche was a very small girl in Omaha, Nebraska, she had earned six dollars. This she had saved, and, after the family's emigration to Canada, she had money to "invest."

"On my father's advice I bought a calf," she told me. "Four years later I sold my cow for ninety dollars and bought a better one for seventy-five dollars. This cow I traded for Pickles."

"Oh, yes," she laughed, "I forgot to say that Pickles is my saddle horse. He cost me only seventy-five dollars but you couldn't buy him for that now, even after his many hard years of work. I rode him eight hundred miles once in ten days."

Miss Garrison was the first girl cow-puncher on the range along the Red Deer river. To-day she can sell, she needs to, enough stock to make her quite independent.

Miss Garrison is an expert skater and skier and an untiring rider. She helps her mother with housework and is active in the work of the local church.

For Protestant Orphanage.

The grand total of money promised in the New Brunswick Protestant Orphanage Building Fund campaign was $289,250. The objective was $250,000. The total received in cash was $109,885.

CASTORIA
For Infants and Children
In Use For Over 30 Years
Always bears the Signature of Chas. H. Fletcher

Where Time is of First Importance

Comparing Watches at Train-Time
Inspection of Watches
Operator Receiving With Comparison Clock
Chief Operator Sending With Master Clock

EVERY one who has occasion to travel and every one who thinks at all—which is, we submit, another way of saying every one in this broad Dominion of ours—has marvelled, at one time or another, over the exactitude with which the vast number of trains on our Canadian lines are handled safely and punctually. Express, local, special, freight, construction and other trains are forever plying to and fro along these lines, leaving the same stations and utilizing the same switches within a few minutes of one another, yet delays and accidents are extremely rare. This efficiency, which is primarily dependent on exact punctuality, cannot be achieved unless all clocks and watches used by those responsible for handling trains agree and are all strictly on time.

How is this accuracy maintained? Obviously, there must be an elaborate organization to deal with it, for a railroad company cannot afford to take chances in such an all-important matter. The Canadian Pacific Railway, for instance, recognizes this and has perfected an extensive department employing scores of men who devote all their energies to checking and adjusting the Company's official clocks and watches. Some details of its work are interesting.

The official title of this aggregation of experts is the Time Service, Vision, Color Sense and Hearing Department. In this department there is a Chief Inspector for Eastern lines and one for Western lines, each with a separate office. From these offices the work of setting, regulating and repairing all clocks and watches is directed and controlled.

For setting the Company clocks, the department employs a method which is illustrative of the wonderful possibilities of modern science. In certain stations, round-house and yard offices there are clocks known as comparison clocks, so-called because they have been officially designated as clocks at which conductors, engineers and others may safely set their watches. In the round house of the Canadian Pacific telegraph office at Montreal, there is an electrical master clock, connected with a similar clock kept in the observatory of McGill University, Montreal. The latter clock's accuracy is maintained by astronomical calculation and is, in turn, controlled by the master clock in the Canadian Pacific head telegraph office. From this office, lines radiate to every station of the Canadian Pacific telegraph system in the Dominion.

At a certain hour each day, the McGill master clock indicates the correct time by beats on a telegraph instrument maintained specially for the purpose in the head telegraph office. The signals commence strictly on the stroke of 11.54 a.m. From that instant to ten seconds short of 11.55, one beat is sounded upon every second. A pause of ten seconds follows until, on the stroke of 11.55, two beats are sounded. This performance is once repeated, ending on the stroke of 11.56. To the Chief Operator is delegated the great responsibility of transmitting these signals to the hundreds of telegraph operators at the comparison stations throughout the system. It is his duty to sit at a key connected with the instruments of all these operators and repeat the signals as they are received.

In the meantime, the operators have been standing by, awaiting the signal. Every telegraph instrument on the immense transcontinental Canadian Pacific system, as the time draws near, is absolutely silent. At this dramatic moment, the Chief Operator literally holds the system in the hollow of his hand. The beats begin. The operators at the comparison clocks watch their clocks as the signals flash westward to Vancouver and eastward to Halifax. They note the number of seconds error, slow or fast (if any), registered by the clock, the signals cease and normal work is resumed.

If the clock is more than ten seconds out, the operator at each station sets it by the correct time. If it is less than ten seconds out, he announces the fact by placing beside the clock a card which indicates the amount of error. This proves to officials that he is not neglecting the job, he must then make an entry in the clock record which is kept at stations for a week, and covers a period of one month. At the end of the month, the card which is no longer necessary is thrown away and the clock has been wound, set or regulated, it sent in to the Time Service office concerned. This enables the Chief Inspector to maintain a close check upon all clocks.

Should a clock need adjustment by experts, it is at once replaced by a new clock from headquarters.

Station clocks, other than comparison clocks, upon which the public depend for catching trains, are similarly checked, as are also the clocks in yards and roundhouses, as trains and orders requiring timing. In the larger offices, such as the Company's headquarters at Windsor Station, Montreal, the clocks are electrically set and wound by one master clock.

Watches carried by employees responsible for the operation and safety of trains are also checked regularly and, in addition, are periodically cleaned. Strict regulations govern the watches themselves and also the makes and grades permitted—no less than 12 makes and 75 grades are approved. Forty-six watch inspectors, to whom approximately 7,000 men report with their watches at fortnightly intervals, are employed by the Company on its Eastern lines alone, all responsible to the Chief Inspector, who keeps a complete record of each watch.

All of which leads one to wish that one's lady friends would appreciate the importance of punctuality and refrain from desiring us to be compelled to report regularly to the railway watch inspectors, even though their watches arrive at the conservatory on the dot is not usually a matter of life and death, as it is with the railway companies!

DAVY & ALLISON

Plumbing, Furnace Work, Tinsmiths.

Hardware, Paints and Oils. Stoves, and Furnaces.

DAVY & ALLISON,
Next to Oaton's.

GIVE US A TRY !

We Sell For Less

Shredded Cocoanut, per lb.	25c.
Lennox Laundry Soap, 6 bars for	25c.
Sardines, per can	7c.
Prunes, 2 lbs.	20c.
2 lbs. Cocoa for	20c.
Cow Brand Baking Soda, large package	05c.
Our own Baking Powder, lb. tin	20c.
Black Pepper, 4 lb.	25c.
Good brooms each	49c.
Choice fresh cheese per lb	23c.
Shortening, per lb.	16c.
4 bars White Naptha Soap.	25c.
Classic Cleaner, 10c. per can, 3 for	21c.
Good Green Panning Tea, per lb.	30c.

Try our Monarch Brand Coffee, ground while you wait, per lb., 50c.

We have a fine assortment of cake from 15c. to 50c. per lb.

DENISON BROS.,
North Centre St., Napanee.

FRED S. SCOTT
BARBER and TOBACCONIST
John St.
(One door south of Express Office.)

Everything clean and sanitary.

Satisfaction guaranteed.

We carry a full line of pipes, cigarettes and tobacco. Our prices are right

Bring your films to us. 25 years experience at developing and printing. Enlargements made on short notice. Mail orders will receive prompt attention.

Government Standard
Field Seeds

Garden Seeds in Bulk
Flower Seeds
Fertilizers

GEO. E. WINTER,
SEEDS
Dundas St. Phone 78.

LADIES' COMFORT SHOES

You will always find a splendid assortment of Ladies' Comfortable Cushion Sole Shoes on hand at this store.

The values are beyond question the best in Canada.

LADIES COMFORT HIGH BOOTS
$4.00 TO $5.00

LADIES' COMFORT OXFORDS OR STRAPS, made with Cushion Soles and Rubber Heels. Priced at
$3.00, $3.50 $4.00

The Haines Shoe Houses

Daly's Good Tea is dependable—When you buy a pound you know with certainty that you will serve a tea rich in flavor and of the proper strength, one that will make the members of your family or your guests exclaim, "What a splendid cup of tea." This famous brand for sale at WALLACE'S DRUG STORE.

PERSONALS

(All our readers are cordially invited to hand in, or send in, any news they may have for this column).

Mrs. W. J. Wiggins spent Easter in Toronto.

Mrs. E. J. Corkill is visiting her mother at Harriston, Ont.

Mr. and Mrs. Niece are spending the holidays in Toronto.

Messrs. R. R. White and Douglas Doller spent Easter in Oshawa.

Dr. and Mrs. W. H. Milsap are spending Easter with her parents, Mr. and Mrs. Williams, Stirling.

Miss Edith Baker, Ottawa, spent Easter with her parents, Mr. and Mrs. A. C. Baker.

Mr. and Mrs. O. C. Lailey and family, Toronto, are guests of her mother, Mrs. A. W. Grange.

Miss Doris Rikley, Albert College, Belleville, is the guest of Miss Ruth Graham.

Miss Helen Loyst, Queen's University, Kingston, is spending the holidays with her parents, Mr. and Mrs. Wellington Loyst.

Mr. E. J. Sxsmith, M.P., is spending the Easter recess with his family in Napanee.

Mr. Samuel Wilson, who has been spending the winter in Toronto, is in Napanee for a few days.

Mr. and Mrs. Fred LaSalle spent Easter with friends in Newmarket.

Mr. Harry Mellow left on Monday for Edmonton, Alta., to enter upon Missionary work for the Methodist church.

Cadet Austin, Royal Military College, is spending Easter with Rev. and Mrs. Terrill.

Messrs. Ralph Abbott, Kingsford, and Asa Abbott, Selby, attended the funeral of their sister-in-law, in Flint, Mich., last week.

Mr. and Mrs. Alex Lynch, who have been spending the winter in Napanee, have removed to Mr. Lynch's farm near Tamworth.

Mrs. George Graves, Kingston, spent Easter with her parents, Mr. and Mrs. H. E. Loucks.

Mr. Blake McCutcheon, Toronto, is spending Easter at his home in Marlbank.

Miss Edna Hull, of the Daily Tea Co. staff, was taken seriously ill on Monday last. She was taken to Kingston on Thursday and operated upon for appendicitis.

Mrs. Edward Wilson is the guest of her daughter, Mrs. M. B. Trumpour, Kingston.

Mr. and Mrs. Fred Stevens, Toronto, spent Easter the guests of Mr. and Mrs. B. F. Davy.

Mr. W. A. Warner, Victoria, B. C., is visiting his daughter, Mrs. J. A. Hoag.

Cadets Howard and Peter Fair, R.M.C., Kingston, are spending Easter with Mr. and Mrs. J. W. Robinson.

Miss M. Trumpour, Queen's University, Kingston, is spending the holidays with her parents, Mr. and Mrs. Luke Trumpour.

Mr. and Mrs. Clarence Penny have returned to their home at Empey Hill, after spending the winter in Syracuse, N.Y.

Mrs. N. VanAlsyne, Mill street, is visiting her daughter, Mrs. A. H. Joyce, Toronto.

Mrs. J. Ruttan, Watertown, N. Y., is visiting relatives in Picton and Belleville.

Mr. and Mrs. P. Vine and Mr. and Mrs. Gerald Smith spent Easter with Mr. and Mrs. Chas. E. Kimmett and family, at Roblin.

Mr. and Mrs. W. F. Noonan left on Monday for Grimsby, Ont.

Mr. Geo. Daly, Upper Canada School, is spending Easter with his parents, Mr. and Mrs. Herbert Daly.

Miss Gertrude Metzler and Mr. Jack Metzler, Toronto, are spending the holidays with their father, Mr. J. W. Metzler.

Mrs. Ostrom, who has been spending several weeks in Toronto, has returned to Napanee.

Mr. E. P. Windover, Sarnia, spent the week-end in Napanee, attending the burial of his wife.

Mrs. R. B. Wagar returned to the west after spending three months with her parents, Mr. and Mrs. R. J. Smith.

Mrs. Burritt, Montreal, spent Easter the guest of Mr. and Mrs. W. S. Herrington.

Mr. R. G. H. Travers, Walkerville, spent the week-end in Napanee.

Mrs. J. L. Haycock, Sr., and Mrs. W. Roblin, Adolphustown, are spending Easter week in Montreal.

Miss Mildred Brown is home from Toronto for the holidays.

Mr. Kenneth Ham, Toronto, spent Easter the guest of his parents, Mr. and Mrs. J. S. Ham.

Mr. W. J. Taylor, Woodstock, spent Easter with Mr. and Mrs. Melville Taylor.

Mrs. J. G. Daly and Miss Celeste spent the week-end with friends in Toronto.

Mrs. T. Milsap and Miss Gladys Shane spent Easter in Toronto.

Mr. and Mrs. G. P. Carr and sons spent Easter in Ottawa.

Miss Blanche Hawley is spending the holidays in Toronto.

Mr. Arthur Harshaw, Toronto, spent Easter with his mother, Mrs. A. T. Harshaw.

Mr. Fred Tomlinson, Toronto, spent Easter with his mother in Napanee.

Mrs. T. B. Wallace spent the the week-end in Toronto.

Mrs. Fred J. VanAlstyne spent a few days last week with her sister, Mrs. A. McKeown, Newburgh.

Mr. Robert Blakeley, Ottawa, spent Easter with Mr. and Mrs. Damon Garrison.

Miss Evelyn Frisken, Toronto, is visiting her parents, Mr. and Mrs. A. Frisken.

Miss Edith Calver spent Easter with her parents at Bath.

Mr. and Mrs. F. B. Elliot, and family, South Napanee, spent Easter with friends in Prince Edward County.

Mrs. Leonard McCabe is visiting her son in Oshawa.

Mr. Clarence Hudson, Oshawa, spent a few days last week visiting his parents on the Deseronto Road.

Mrs. Herbert Daly is spending a few days in Toronto.

Mr. Reginald Wiseman sang solos at both morning and evening services in Grace Church on Sunday.

Reeve Graham spent the week-end in Hamilton and Toronto.

Mayor and Mrs. A. MacGregor spent the week-end in Madoc.

Mr. and Mrs. Hyland and family of Weston, spent Easter with friends at Yarker.

Mr. and Mrs. G. A. McGowan, Kingston, spent Sunday with Dr. and Mrs. Oldham, Yarker.

Miss Mary Derry, Kingston, was in Napanee on Monday for the Scout Dance.

Miss May Reid spent a few days last week the guest of Miss Elizabeth Mellow, Enterprise.

Miss Annie McAuley, Selby, is visiting her sister in Toronto.

Mrs. Wallace and Misses Ethel and Kathleen Tierney, Toronto, spent Easter with their parents, Mr. and Mrs. Thos. Tierney.

BIRTHS

Hunter—At Kingston General Hospital, on Saturday, April 19th, 1924, to Mr. and Mrs. W. D. Hunter, Napanee, a daughter.

Smith—At Napanee, on Saturday, April 19th, 1924, to Dr. and Mrs. H. W. Smith, a son.

Simpson—At Napanee, on Tuesday, April 15th, 1924, to Mr. and Mrs. J. M. Simpson, a daughter.

Woods—At Kingston General Hospital, on Friday, April 18th, 1924, to Mr. and Mrs. V. Woods, Roblin, a son—Lyle Volney.

MARRIAGES

Salians—Rosenblath—At Denbigh, on Wednesday, April 9th, 1924, by Rev. P. A. Scott, Ph.B., Mr. James Henry Salians, of Plevna, to Miss Lucy Rosenblath, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Adolph Rosenblath, Denbigh, Ont.

Storey—Scrimshaw—At Grace Parsonage, Napanee, on Thursday, April 17th, 1924, by Rev. A. J. Terrill, Wesley Theodore Storey, of Deseronto, to Reta May Scrimshaw, of Napanee.

DEATHS

Grange—At Kingston, on Sunday, April 20th, 1924, John Thomas Grange, aged 87 years, 2 months, 21 days.

W. O. D. Mops and dusters. Same price as at Eaton's.

DAVY & ALLISON.

B. & H. English White Paint for inside use covers so much more space and gives so much better finish that it pays to use it. One coat is equal to two of the ordinary brands. For sale at WALLACE'S.

Notice.

After the 15th of May, F. W. Smith & Bro., who are selling their entire stock of jewellery and silverware at cost, will not be responsible for articles left with them for repairs.

Posts and Markers of all kinds in stock

Lettering in Cemeteries Promptly Attended to

PERPETUATE YOUR FAMILY NAME
with a Monument worthy of it.

Place one of our handsome, serviceable monuments over the family plot and mark that resting place forever.

Let us show you our Spring stock of the very latest designs.

We have also a large number of lettered memorials ready to be erected, which would help you to select one—large or small as you desire.

With all the latest machinery for cutting, carving and lettering monuments, and our low overhead expenses, we are able to save you money on any class of work, which is fully guaranteed. Get our prices first.

WM. M. HOWITT,
DUNDAS STREET. NAPANEE, ONT.

RAYSIN SILK GLOVES
PRICED $1.25, $1.50 PAIR

All the new Spring shades; 2 dome fasteners, with double finger tips.

The usual guarantee with every pair.

HIS CLASS

A group of negroes were at the terminal station Sunday morning, telling a few departing brethren good-by. A trainman noticed one negro looking on nonchalantly, and inquired: "John, are you going north?"

"No, sir," said the negro addressed, "I'se a class B nigger."

"What do you mean by a class 'B' nigger?" asked the trainman.

"Well," said Sam, "I B's here when dey leave and I B's here when dey come back."—Macon News.

VERUS SILK HOSE, $1.75 PAIR.

Pure thread silk hose with elastic top, shades Log Cabin, Bobink, Nude, Suede, Dove, Black, White. Sizes 8½ to 10.

Make Your Home a Beautiful Place to Live In

The problem of suitable Spring Decorations for the home can be quickly and satisfactorily solved at Robinson's.

New deliveries coming from the Orient, England, Scotland, United States, and from Canadian factories make our stock unusually attractive and exceptionally complete.

Every woman, whether in town or country, has the privilege of choosing her home requirements here. Our staff will gladly render you help in making correct selections.

BARGAIN EXTRAORDINARY

On Saturday, April 26th we will place on sale **150 OILCLOTH MATS.** 18 inches by 36 inches, at the unheard of price of..... **15c. Each**

Two good tile patterns are in the lot. We anticipate this will be the sale of the season. Sale starts at 10 o'clock a. m., Saturday, April 26th. Remember the price, only 15c each. See window display Thursday, Friday, Saturday.

GRASTEX RUGS AND MATS

Imported from Japan, where labour is very cheap. These Rugs and Mats are made from a sea grass peculiar to the Eastern climes. It is treated chemically to strengthen the fibre insuring lasting qualities.

There are a good variety of sizes, suitable for many rooms in your home and the prices are very moderate indeed. The patterns are exclusive.

The colors are Blue, Green and Cream, stencilled with contrasting colors, which are very effective.

We have just placed in stock a liberal supply of these goods.

The prices range from 45c. to $7.75.

The largest size made is 9 feet by 12 feet, only $7.75.

See the display in our Rug Department.

FLOOR OILCLOTH

The good make only is the kind we handle. The Dominion Oilcloth Co. only make the one quality and that is the best. This is the year that the factory have made a complete change in the patterns. We are quite sure you will be pleased with the new designs and colourings. The widths are 1 yard, 1¼, 2 and 2½ yards. 22 patterns in stock.

We find the 2½ yard width can be used in many rooms to advantage, such as bed rooms, kitchens and dining rooms. Six splendid patterns are in this width.

The price is 55c. per square yard. Even the larger stores in Montreal, who have no freight to pay, sell at the same price. Choose now, while the stock is complete.

Two experts in the department are at your service. Satisfaction is guaranteed.

WOMEN'S AND MISSES' SPRING COATS $11.75 EACH. A VERY EXTRAORDINARY AND TIMELY PURCHASE

Women in quest of attractive looking Spring Coats will find this assortment not only good-looking, but exceptionally dependable.

They are made from a splendid English Coating that is reversible. One side is finished plain and the other is a neatly designed plaid. Coats are made both ways.

They are created in the slender, boyish, double breasted style, which is so popular and so good-looking this season.

At present we have these Coats in a good complement of sizes.

You will need to shop early to get in on these. On display in our Women's Ready-to-Wear.

There are 17 Good Reasons why every mechanic and farmer should wear

Headlight "Saveall" Combination Overalls.

We have only space to tell you of two or three.

Materials—Constructed exclusively for Headlight use, exclude oil to a marked degree, and for washing qualities and long wear cannot be surpassed.

Buttons covered—All buttons covered, preventing scratching to highly polished automobiles or furniture (invaluable to fishermen, no buttons to catch in nets, etc.) This feature applies even to buttons on the cuff, which are entirely covered, absolutely preventing scratching.

Sleeves—Set in garment by exactly the same method used with a suit of clothes—an expensive operation, but means fit and comfort to the wearer. It opens cuff at side—not under the wrist. You can determine a cheaply constructed garment by the position of sleeve opening.

Three lengths—In each chest measure, Headlight Combinations are made in three lengths, short, medium, long. Be sure to get your correct size.

OUTSTANDING VALUES ARE FEATURED IN THESE ITEMS OF EVERY DAY NECESSITY.

It is a Robinson Co. characteristic to procure the best outstanding values obtainable and present them to our customers. In this list you will realize the importance of early selection. Every line of merchandise has the usual Robinson guarantee of good service.

All Wool Crepe, 38 in. wide, $1.48 yd.—No material is more used to-day than Wool Crepe. Service and good appearance is the reason of its popularity. This crepe is very soft in texture and of good weight. Colors Navy, Beige, Airedale, Brown, Grey, Royal.

All Wool Dress Flannel, 54 in. wide, $1.50 yd.—Flannel is another of the wanted fabrics for this season. Experience has proved its worth. Suits, coats, dresses look well made from Flannel. Colors in stock are Navy, Nigger Brown, Golden Brown, Saxe, Rose, Rabbit, Tan, Jade, Green.

A splendid item this—Natural Pongee, 75c. per yd.—This Pongee special is offered just when it is needed, a good quality at a saving price. Pongee is in great demand for both Women and Men's wear, and then for kiddies' wearing apparel it has no equal. The quality we offer is soft in texture, will wash well, is free from dressing, and is really worth attention.

Poiret Twill and Tricotine, regular $3.75 and $3.95, sale price $2.75 yd.—The fabrics offered here are pure wool, made from fine Botany yarn, 54 in. wide and are the same qualities carried in stock and sold at the higher figures. As a special purchase, our customers have the opportunity to save real money. Many yards have been already sold to satisfied customers.

We will save you $1.00 and $1.25 per yd. on these materials.

In Tricotine colors are Beige and Saxe.

In Poiret Twill colors are Black, Navy, Grey.

Weight is suitable for suit, dress or skirt.

120 Men's Work Shirts At a Special Price $1.00

These are exceptionally good values, made by The Deacon Shirt Co., from Grey Chambray, Olive Khaki and Railroad Blue Shirtings. Sizes range from 14 up to 17. They are all good average, roomy shirts, with reinforced yoke over the shoulders and are the very best value we have seen this year. When these are gone we cannot secure any more of the same at this price.

47 BOYS' SUITS ON SALE NOW AT $6.25 EACH

For boys 8 years of age up to and including 17 years—Quantities of sizes are as follows: One 26, seven 27, three 28, Six 29, nine 30, six 31, four 32, five 33, three 34, three 35.

It's the greatest opportunity that will come your way this Spring, to secure a school suit for your boy, made from good honest, serviceable Tweeds, in good styles at such an extra low price.

They are all two-piece Suits, with bloomers that have Governor Fasteners. Evey suit in the lot is a real bargain.

The reason they are being sold at this remarkably low price is because they are broken lots, hardly two of a kind.

Remember the price, $6.25 a Suit.

Our regular stock consists of about 200 Suits, many of them with two pairs of Bloomers. Priced $7.50 up to $15.00.

Quality, Service, Value.

THE ROBINSON CO. LIMITED

We close at 10 p.m. Saturdays. Other days at 5.30 p.m.